

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

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JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

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PLAN ADVISERS AND PRINCIPAL EMPLOYER

TRUSTEE	Jaguar Land Rover Pension Trustees Limited Registered Office: Abbey Road, Whitley Coventry Warwickshire, CV3 4LF
SECRETARY TO TRUSTEE	H Cairns
SECRETARY TO TRUSTEE DIRECTORS	R Brown
CONTACT FOR PLAN RELATED ENQUIRIES	R Brown Abbey Road, Whitley Coventry Warwickshire, CV3 4LF Email: rbrown19@jaguarlandrover.com
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYER	Jaguar Land Rover Limited Abbey Road, Whitley Coventry Warwickshire, CV3 4LF
PLAN ADMINISTRATOR	Mercer Limited Post Handling Centre Maclaren House Talbot Road Stretford Manchester M32 0FP Email: jaguar@mercerc.com
PLAN ACTUARY	Lynda Whitney FIA Aon Solutions UK Limited Parkside House, Ashley Road Epsom, Surrey, KT18 5BS
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 1 Embankment Place London, WC2N 6RH
BANKERS	Royal Bank of Scotland London Corporate Banking Centre 62 – 63 Threadneedle Street London, EC2R 8LA
LEGAL ADVISERS	Squire Patton Boggs (UK) LLP Rutland House, 148 Edmund Street Birmingham, B3 2JR Linklaters LLP 1 Silk Street London, EC2Y 8HQ

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PLAN ADVISERS AND PRINCIPAL EMPLOYER (CONTINUED)

COVENANT ADVISER	Ernst & Young LLP 1 More London Place London, SE1 2AF
INVESTMENT CONSULTANTS	Hymans Robertson LLP Exchange Place One 1 Semple Street Edinburgh, EH3 8BL
FIDUCIARY INVESTMENT MANAGER	Willis Towers Watson Limited Watson House London Road Reigate, Surrey, RH2 9PQ
CUSTODIAN	The Northern Trust Company Limited 50 Bank Street Canary Wharf London, E14 5NT
INVESTMENT MANAGERS	Legal & General Assurance (Pensions Management) Limited TW Partners Limited M&G Investment Management
AVC MANAGERS	Legal & General Assurance (Pensions Management) Limited Prudential Assurance Company Limited

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REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE

The Trustee of Jaguar Executive Pension Plan (the "Plan") is pleased to present its report together with the financial statements for the year to 31 March 2023.

The Plan was established in March 1986 as an occupational defined benefit pension scheme and is governed by a definitive Trust Deed as amended from time-to-time. The Plan was closed to new members in April 2010.

The Plan is an occupational defined benefits pension plan and has historically provided a pension based on a member's final salary at retirement. In 2017 the structure of the defined benefits paid to members was changed from a final salary benefit to a career average revalued earnings benefit. The changes took effect from 5 April 2017.

Under the new arrangement, the pension a member has built up to 5 April 2017 will be based on the member's pensionable pay at 5 April 2017. To help keep up with the cost of living it increases each year until a member retires. The increase is the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus 0.5% up to a maximum of 2.5% every year.

From 6 April 2017 the accrual of pension will be based on the member's pensionable pay each year. To help keep up with the cost of living it will revalue by CPI plus 0.5% per annum up to a maximum of 2.5% per annum. Each year of service will then be aggregated and added to the pension at 5 April 2017 (as revalued) to reach the final pension payable. The Trustee believes that this arrangement is more equitable to the members overall and in particular will benefit lower paid members of the Plan. In addition, members have the option each year to choose between a higher or lower rate for future accrual depending on the rate of contributions.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYER

The Plan was established to provide pensions and other related benefits to eligible employees of the Principal Employer, Jaguar Land Rover Limited.

MANAGEMENT OF THE PLAN

Jaguar Land Rover Pension Trustees Limited acted as Trustee of the Plan for the year ended 31 March 2023.

The power of removing and appointing the Trustee is vested in the Principal Employer. This power can be exercised only after consultation with the relevant trade unions and any replacement must be a body structured in the same way as Jaguar Land Rover Pension Trustees Limited. The appointment and removal of the Trustee Directors is governed by the Articles of Association of Jaguar Land Rover Pension Trustees Limited and the terms of the Member Nominated Director opt out.

The Board has a full complement of 12 Trustee Directors and is composed of 6 nominated by the Principal Employer, 4 nominated by the trade unions and 2 by election amongst the pensioner members. A resolution was passed in July 2023 which amended the quorum from 8 to 6 directors of which at least 2 must be member nominated directors and 2 must be company nominated directors.

The Trustee Directors are required to discharge their responsibilities to the Plan on a completely independent basis and in the interests of all the members.

The principal functions of the Trustee are to:

- administer the Plan in accordance with its Trust Deed and Rules; and
- invest the Plan's assets with an appropriate degree of security to provide income and capital appreciation such that the Plan is able to meet pension and other benefit liabilities, both now and in the future.

Any further information regarding the Plan should be requested from R Brown and member related queries should be addressed to the Plan administrator. See page 2 for details.

PLAN ADMINISTRATOR

The administration of the Plan is carried out by Mercer Limited. Enquiries about the Plan generally or about an individual's entitlement to benefits should be addressed to the Plan Administrator at the address on page 2.

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REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE (CONTINUED)

TRUSTEE OF THE PLAN

Jaguar Land Rover Pension Trustees Limited acts as Trustee to the Land Rover Pension Scheme, the Jaguar Pension Plan and the Jaguar Executive Pension Plan.

Trustee Directors:

Company-Nominated Directors

R Lummis (Chair)	*	P Davies	*
D Birtwistle (resigned 31 March 2023)	*****	G Dixon (Deputy Chair)	**
E Bolton	****	R Harding (resigned 31 March 2023)	****
K Close	**	S Stephenson	***

Member-Nominated Directors

D Betteley	**	M Sinclair Taylor	*
D Cotterill	***	J Coulter (resigned 31 March 2023)	***
P King (resigned 31 March 2023)	***	S Evans	*
P Lumsden	*	W Culshaw	***

*	Member of Land Rover Pension Scheme
**	Member of Jaguar Executive Pension Plan
***	Member of Jaguar Pension Plan
****	Member of Jaguar Land Rover Defined Contribution Fund
*****	Member of GPP

The Trustee met six times during the year.

Three Trustee Directors receive remuneration for services provided to the Plan and are paid from Plan assets. One Trustee Director receives £45,000 p.a. whilst the other two Trustee Directors receive maximum remuneration of £10,000 p.a. for their role as Trustee Directors. None of the other Trustee Directors receive any remuneration for their services provided other than out of pocket expenses.

The Trustee Directors have received training in all aspects of the Plan. It is the intention to carry on with this process each year to increase the Directors' level of knowledge and understanding of the Plan. The Trustee Board has five sub committees which operate as described below:

The Discretionary Committee deals with the distribution of death benefits payable under the Plan, considers claims for Ill Health Early Retirement Benefit and exercises other discretions of the Trustee.

The Financial Strategy Committee proposes and monitors the financial strategy adopted by the Plan, oversees the actuarial valuation process and seeks to balance and mitigate risk in collaboration with the Principal Employer.

The Risk, Audit & Governance Committee reviews and makes recommendations about changes to the Plan rules, changes to member booklets. It monitors and reviews the Plan administrator, legal adviser and auditors. It also reviews the Plan's annual report and financial statements together with the Plan's Risk Register and liaises with the independent auditors.

The Investment Implementation Committee oversees and monitors the execution of the investment strategy.

The Guaranteed Minimum Pension (GMP) Equalisation Committee will be responsible for making a recommendation to the Board on the approach that should be adopted on GMP equalisation.

The Trustee has been made a signatory to the UK Stewardship Code (2020). The Trustee was successful in its re-accreditation in 2022. Stewardship, responsible investment and Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) policies have now been transitioned to the Investment Implementation Committee.

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REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE (CONTINUED)

ACTUARIAL VALUATION

The Plan is subject to an Actuarial Valuation every three years which is prepared by the Plan Actuary.

The most recent valuation was carried out by the Plan Actuary, Lynda Whitney, with an effective date of 31 March 2021. The purpose of this review was to confirm the financial position of the Plan and to recommend the rates of the contributions payable to the Plan in the future. The valuation revealed that there was a surplus of assets relative to the Plan's technical provisions at 31 March 2021 of £10.7m. As the valuation revealed a surplus, the Trustee agreed with the Principal Employer that the Principal Employer would cease making deficit funding payments from 30 June 2022.

REPORT ON ACTUARIAL LIABILITIES

As required by Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102), the financial statements do not include liabilities in respect of promised retirement benefits.

Under section 222 of the Pensions Act 2004, every scheme is subject to the Statutory Funding Objective, which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover its technical provisions, which represent the present value of benefits to which members are entitled based on pensionable service to the valuation date. This is assessed at least every 3 years using assumptions agreed between the Trustee and the Principal Employer and set out in the Statement of Funding Principles, a copy of which is available to Plan members on request.

The most recent triennial actuarial valuation of the Plan was carried out as at 31 March 2021 (based on technical provisions) with a further annual update carried out as at 31 March 2022.

	2022	2021
	£m	£m
Value of assets available to meet technical provisions	177.3	178.3
Value of liabilities in respect of technical provisions	<u>(161.8)</u>	<u>(167.6)</u>
Surplus	<u>15.5</u>	<u>10.7</u>
Funding level	110%	106%

Between 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2022 the funding level improved and the surplus increased. The main reason for this was investment returns achieved being better than expected. Contributions paid also improved the position, which was partly offset by benefit indexation being higher than expected.

Although there are no current plans to discontinue the Plan and buy out liabilities with an insurance company, the Trustee also considers the level of funding relative to the estimated costs of such a buy-out (known as "solvency liabilities") and equivalent information on this basis at the triennial valuation date of 31 March 2021 is provided below:

	2021
	£m
Value of assets available to meet solvency liabilities	178.3
Value of solvency liabilities	<u>(241.8)</u>
Deficit	<u>(63.5)</u>
Solvency level	74%

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REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE (CONTINUED)

REPORT ON ACTUARIAL LIABILITIES (continued)

The value of technical provisions is based on Pensionable Service to the valuation date and assumptions about various factors that will influence the Plan in the future, such as the future levels of investment returns and inflationary increases, when members will retire and how long members will live. The method and significant actuarial assumptions used in the calculations are as follows:

Method

The actuarial method used in the calculation of the technical provisions is the Projected Unit Method.

Significant actuarial assumptions

Discount rate (non-pensioners at 31 March 2021):	UK Government Gilt Nominal Yield Curve plus 1.25% p.a.
Discount rate (pensioners at 31 March 2021):	UK Government Gilt Nominal Yield Curve plus 1.00% p.a.
RPI inflation at 31 March 2021:	UK Government Gilt implied RPI Curve less 0.1% p.a. before 2030 and less 0.15% p.a. thereafter
CPI inflation at 31 March 2021:	RPI less 0.9% p.a. to 2030 and RPI less 0.1% p.a. thereafter
Post retirement mortality assumption (normal health) – base table:	SAPS S3 All Pensioners Light Amounts (“S3PA_L”) tables with best estimate individual scaling factors
Post retirement mortality assumption (normal health) – future improvements:	CMI 2020 ($S_k = 7.0$, $A=0.50\%$, $w_{2020}=0\%$) projections with long-term improvement rate of 1.5% p.a.
Commutation (% of maximum lump sum taken):	60%

The next triennial statutory valuation will be carried out as at 31 March 2024.

CONTRIBUTIONS

The Schedule of Contributions in effect at the start of the year was certified by the Plan Actuary on 29 April 2020. Under the Schedule, employer contributions for active members are to be paid at a rate of 24.9% of Pensionable Pay until 5 April 2020 and 23.9% of Pensionable Pay from 6 April 2020. The past service deficit contributions agreed as part of the Schedule signed on 29 April 2020, aimed at clearing the shortfall by 31 March 2028, were as follows:

- £0.1m per month to 31 March 2020
- No contributions for the period April 2020 to June 2020
- £0.1m per month from July 2020 to March 2021
- £0.126m per month from April 2021 to March 2022
- £0.1m per month from April 2022 to 31 March 2028
- It allows for a contributions deferral in respect of deficit funding contributions from April 2020 to June 2020, and deferral of employer and employee salary sacrifice contributions along with additional contributions over the same period

A new Schedule of Contributions following the actuarial valuation as at 31 March 2021 was certified by the Plan Actuary on 30 June 2022. Under this Schedule, employer contributions for active members are to be paid at a rate of 23.9% of Pensionable Pay until 30 June 2022 and 29.0% of Pensionable Pay from 1 July 2022. The past service deficit contributions agreed as part of this Schedule equalled £0.1m per month until 30 June 2022 (with no shortfall payments beyond).

A further Schedule of Contributions was certified by the Plan Actuary on 31 March 2023. Under this Schedule, the Trustee and Principal Employer have agreed a mechanism under which employer contributions for active members are to be assessed and updated on a quarterly basis, subject to Principal Employer contributions being no less than 10% and no higher than 30% of Pensionable Pay.

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REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE (CONTINUED)

CONTRIBUTIONS (continued)

In addition, under each of the Schedules of Contributions, other contributions are payable by the Principal Employer:

- Agreed expenses of administering the Plan.
- To meet PPF levies and other levies collected by the Pensions Regulator.
- In respect of early retirements at the request of (including as a result of redundancy) or with the consent of the Principal Employer in some circumstances.
- To cover the cost of discretionary benefits and augmentations granted with Principal Employer consent.
- To cover the cost of lump sum death benefits where the cost of life assurance premium is met by the Plan.

In addition, under each of the Schedules of Contributions, members contributing at the lower rate pay 7% of Pensionable Pay and members contributing at the higher rate paid 11% of Pensionable Pay. For members who participate in the salary sacrifice arrangement, the employer pays the contributions that would otherwise have been paid by the member had they not been a salary sacrifice member.

The Summary of Contributions payable to the Plan during the year is set out on page 37.

The latest actuarial certificate of the Schedule is set out on page 38.

MARKET VOLATILITY

Notwithstanding the market volatility in 2022/2023, the Trustee has no concerns regarding the funding level of the Plan, nor its ability to meet the payment of benefits to members, or its ability to continue as a going concern.

As noted in this Report of the Trustee, the Plan's investment strategy includes the use of liability driven investment (LDI) assets that seek to provide a broad match to changes in the Plan's liability values to help protect the Plan's overall funding position. These LDI investments respond in a similar way to the Plan's liabilities, when government bond yields and expected inflation change.

Since the beginning of 2022, government bond (gilt) yields increased noticeably. However, in September 2022, following a change in the UK government's fiscal policy, and lower than expected Bank of England (BoE) interest rate increases, exacerbated by concerns over rising inflation, this triggered significant increases and volatility in gilt yields. This led to a significant fall in the value of assets invested in the Plan's LDI portfolio and an increase in collateral calls being made by the Plan's LDI managers to support the LDI assets and the Plan's hedging programmes. It is worth noting that this was a systemic issue affecting defined benefit pension schemes across the UK. In response to this market turmoil, the BoE set aside £65bn to buy back government bonds, in order to seek to mitigate gilt yield rises and ease pressure on pension funds and insurance companies.

The Plan's governance structures and, in particular, the Financial Strategy Committee (FSC) and the Investment Implementation Committee (IIC), allowed for swift and decisive action to be taken to seek to protect the Plan's funding and liquidity positions.

On 28 September, the IIC agreed to disinvest £18m from the Plan's return seeking portfolio and transfer to the hedging programme to support its collateral needs.

The FSC and IIC continued to meet regularly throughout the following days to assess and monitor the Plan's positions.

On 7 October, it was agreed to reduce the Plan's hedge ratio from 82% to 50% on interest rates and 44% on inflation. An additional £8m redemption of return seeking assets was also instructed to support ongoing collateral needs within the hedging programme.

As a result of these changes, the strategy for the Plan was out of line with the desired strategic asset allocation. However, steps have since been taken to re-align towards the desired strategic asset allocation and rebuild the investment strategy. The Plan is in the late stages of completing this process.

Consequent on all the above and the changes in bond values, the overall value of the Plan's investment portfolio has significantly declined. That said, the value of the Plan's liabilities (as measured on the technical provisions basis) has fallen by a similar amount which has meant that the Plan's estimated funding deficit has remained broadly stable.

Despite the fact that the Plan is now much smaller in asset value terms, as noted above the Trustee has no concerns regarding the funding level of the Plan, nor its ability to meet the payment of benefits to members, or its ability to continue as a going concern.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

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REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE (CONTINUED)

MARKET VOLATILITY (continued)

In overall terms, the Plan's net assets have fallen from £177m at 31 March 2022 to £121m at 31 March 2023, principally as a result of a change in market value of investments of negative £49m and commensurate with the negative investment performance of 27.9% in the year shown below.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Plan's financial statements on pages 21 to 35 have been prepared and audited in accordance with regulations made under sections 41(1) and (6) of the Pensions Act 1995. They show that the value of the fund decreased from £177.4m at 31 March 2022 to £121.3m at 31 March 2023.

The Fund Account on page 21 shows that the net withdrawals arising from dealings with members for the year ended 31 March 2023 were £7.9m (2022: £6.5m). The net return on the Plan's investments for the year was a deficit of £48.3m (2022: surplus of £5.6m). The Plan's net assets decreased by £56.1m (2022: £0.9m) in the year to £121.3m (2022: £177.4m).

TAXATION STATUS

In accordance with the provision of Schedule 36 of the Finance Act 2004, the Plan is a registered pension scheme under Chapter 2 of part 4 of the Finance Act 2004.

TRANSFER VALUES

All transfer values paid out during the year under review were calculated in accordance with the legislation governing such calculations. No discretionary benefits are included in the calculation of transfer values.

GMP EQUALISATION

In October 2018, the High Court determined that benefits provided to members who had contracted out of their pension scheme must be recalculated to reflect the equalisation of state pension ages between May 1990 and April 1997 for both men and women. The Trustee is now reviewing, with its advisers, the implication of this ruling on the Plan and the equalisation of guaranteed minimum pensions (GMP) between men and women; in the context of the rules of the Plan and the value of any liability. As soon as this review is finalised and any liability quantified, members will receive further communication and any impact on financial reporting will be considered by the Trustee.

In November 2020, the High Court handed down a further judgment on the GMP equalisation case in relation to the Lloyds Banking Group pension schemes. This follows from the original judgment in October 2018 which confirmed that pension schemes need to equalise pensions for the effect of unequal GMPs between males and females. This latest judgment confirms that defined benefit schemes which provide GMPs need to revisit and where necessary top up historic Cash Equivalent Transfer Values that were calculated based on unequalised benefits. The Trustee is currently assessing the impact on the Plan.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

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REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE (CONTINUED)

PENSION INCREASES

For Main Section members, the Plan guarantees to increase pension in payment in excess of Guaranteed Minimum Pension (GMP) by 5% per annum or by the increase in RPI, if less, for pre-CARE service and 2.5% per annum or the increase in CPI, if less, for CARE service.

For Jaguar Halewood Section pre-CARE members on pensions in excess of GMP, the Plan guarantees an increase of 5% per annum (or CPI/RPI if less) on the part of the pension in payment arising from 60% of a member's pensionable service (75% for active members in service on 1 November 2006), or service after 5 April 1997, whichever is greater. For CARE members pensions guarantees an increase of 2.5%, or CPI if less.

An increase of 5.0% for pre-CARE Main Section members was paid in April 2022 (2021: 1.4%) along with an increase of 2.5% for CARE members (2021: 0.5%), 4.9% Halewood pre-CARE linked to RPI members (2021: 1.1%), 3.1% Halewood pre-CARE linked to CPI members (2021: 0.5%) and 2.5% for CARE members (2021: 0.5%) to members who retired before 1 April 2018 with a proportionate increase for those retiring later.

For those members over GMP payment age and as required under contracting out regulations, GMPs accrued after April 1988 were increased in payment by 3.0% as at April 2022 (2021: 0.5%). Increases to GMPs accrued before 6 April 1988 are paid by the State.

There were no discretionary pension increases during the year.

MEMBERSHIP

Details of the current Plan membership and movements during the year are provided below:

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Active members		
Opening members	13	14
Adjustments	(1)	-
Members leaving with preserved benefits	-	(1)
Retirements	(2)	-
Active members at the end of the year	10	13
Pensioners		
Opening members	94	96
Adjustments	1	-
Retirements	2	1
Deaths	(4)	(4)
New dependant	1	1
Pensioners at the end of the year	94	94
Preserved and deferred members		
Opening members	27	30
Adjustments	1	-
Leavers with preserved benefits	-	1
Retirements	-	(1)
Transfers out during the year	(3)	(3)
Preserved and deferred at the end of the year	25	27
Total membership at the end of the year	129	134

Pensioners include 18 (2022: 19) members receiving a pension upon the death of their spouse or a child's pension. The membership figures at the year-end do not include movements notified to the administrator after the completion of the annual renewal.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

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REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENT REPORT

Investment strategy

The Trustee's long-term objective is to reach full funding on a prudent measure of liabilities. As the funding level gradually improves, the Trustee intends to reduce risk and expected return so that a low level of investment risk is in place as the Plan approaches full funding. In order to achieve this objective, the Trustee has received advice to determine an appropriate investment strategy for the Plan. This advice is reviewed regularly. The actions taken to achieve the investment strategy are:

- Use a range of instruments that provide a better match to changes in the Plan's liabilities (payments that the Plan is obligated to pay to pensioners);
- Diversify the Plan's return seeking assets; and
- Use active management where the Trustee believes that it can improve risk-adjusted returns.

The investment strategy is therefore split into return-seeking and matching assets:

- The Plan's 'return seeking' investments seek to generate sufficient return in excess of the Plan's liabilities to meet the Plan's funding objective over the long-term. These investments include a range of different assets including global equity, sovereign and corporate credit, property, infrastructure, private equity and secure income alternatives funds. Many of these exposures are obtained via diversified growth funds. Active management is used where the Trustee believes that it can increase return and where fees are considered reasonable.
- The Plan's 'liability matching' assets seek to 'match' changes in the value of a proportion of the Plan's liabilities in response to changes in interest rates and inflation. The matching portfolio includes bonds, interest rate and inflation swaps, gilt repurchase agreements and cash. These are accessed via pooled funds.

The Trustee recognises that a company's long-term financial success can be influenced by a wide range of factors including environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) issues. The Trustee's policy is to be an active long-term investor. The Trustee delegates of investment manager selection, de-selection and ESG integration to the Fiduciary Manager. The Trustee's focus is primarily on financially material considerations rather than non-financially material or ethical considerations.

The Trustee has given the Fiduciary Manager a target return for delegated mandates, which overall will align to deliver the broader Plan investment strategy. The LDI manager also has a target benchmark against which to manage their mandate. The Trustee reviews the nature of Plan investments on a regular basis, with particular reference to suitability and diversification. The Trustee has delegated implementation of the investment strategy to the Fiduciary Manager and LDI manager, both within agreed guidelines. The Fiduciary Manager is responsible for ensuring the appropriateness of each manager and mandate for the Plan, particularly in relation to diversification, risk, expected return and liquidity. The Trustee recognises the long-term nature of its liability profile and sets mandate guidelines designed to generate long term sustainable returns. Performance is reviewed on a regular basis against a series of metrics, including financial performance relative to the benchmark and objectives, the exercise of stewardship responsibilities (including engagement with issuers), and the management of risks. Material deviation from performance or risk targets is likely to result in the mandate being formally reviewed.

The Strategic Investment Advisor advises on the overarching ESG approach taken by the Plan, with implementation provided by the Fiduciary Manager and LDI manager. The Fiduciary Manager has a dedicated Sustainable Investment resource and a network of subject matter experts. The consideration of ESG issues is fully embedded in the investment manager selection and portfolio management process, with oversight undertaken on an ongoing basis. Whilst noting there may be limitations for each investment manager and asset strategy, the Fiduciary Manager expects investment managers to have ESG processes that align with the investment risk and return characteristics of the strategy. Where an investment manager's processes are deemed insufficient by the Fiduciary Manager and the investment manager does not take steps to improve their approach, the investment manager's position in the portfolio will be reviewed and/or a decision may be taken not to proceed with an investment. The Fiduciary Manager monitors the stewardship and ESG approach of the Plan's return-seeking investment managers and reports to the Trustee at least once a year.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENT REPORT (continued)

Investment strategy (continued)

Both the Fiduciary Manager and Strategic Investment Advisor consider a range of sustainable investment factors, such as, but not limited to, those arising from ESG considerations, including climate change, in the context of a broader risk management framework. The degree to which these factors are relevant to any given strategy is a function of time horizon, investment style, philosophy and particular exposures which the Fiduciary Manager takes into account in the assessment. The Trustee expects the Fiduciary Manager to encourage the Plan's investment managers to sign up to local or other applicable Stewardship Codes, in-keeping with good practice, subject to the extent of materiality for certain asset classes. The Fiduciary Manager and the Strategic Investment Advisor are signatories to the Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI) and the UK Stewardship Code and are actively involved in external collaborations and initiatives. The Trustee is a signatory to the 2020 UK Stewardship Code and has provided a statement of compliance which is available at www.frc.org.uk.

The Trustee's policy is to delegate responsibility for the exercising of rights (including voting rights) attaching to investments to the investment managers. The Fiduciary Manager has appointed Hermes EOS to undertake public policy engagement on its behalf as well as company-level engagement and the provision of voting advice for the Plan's equity investments. The Trustee separately considers any conflicts of interest arising in the management of the Plan and its investments.

Over the course of the year the Plan's funding level on a technical provisions basis, a key metric for monitoring the Plan's progress against its objectives, fell from 110% to 104%. This is principally a result of the assets of the Plan falling by more than the total liabilities.

As at 31 March 2023, 51.1% (2022: 63.8%) of the total investment portfolio was held in the return seeking portfolio, based on the fair value of the investments. The remainder of the assets were held in the LDI portfolio.

Statement of investment principles

In accordance with Section 35 of the Pensions Act 1995 the Trustee has produced a Statement of Investment Principles ('SIP').

The Trustee believes that good investor stewardship and good corporate governance can protect and enhance the value of investments over the long term. The Trustee has delegated day to day stewardship (namely voting and engagement) to its Investment Managers; where investment style and resources permit, it encourages them to adhere to the UK Stewardship Code and to document and disclose their policies on stewardship. The Trustee expects Investment Managers to exercise voting rights where practical and provide reports to the Trustee detailing their voting activity as agreed from time to time. The Trustee will apply this approach to all managers but appreciates that its application may be limited for certain asset classes. The Trustee is a signatory to the 2020 UK Stewardship Code.

The Trustee's policy is that the extent to which ESG or ethical considerations are taken into account in these decisions is left to the discretion of its Investment Managers. However, the Trustee expects that the extent to which ESG or ethical issues may have a fundamental impact on the portfolio will be taken into account by the Investment Managers in the exercise of their delegated duties. The Trustee monitors the Investment Managers' practices with regards to ESG issues where feasible.

A copy of the SIP may be obtained from the contact for enquiries on page 2.

During the period ended 31 March 2023, Willis Towers Watson Limited ("WTW"), on behalf of the Trustee, initiated no new mandates.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

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REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENT REPORT (continued)

Market overview for the 12-month period to 31 March 2023

Global growth slowed over 2022 amid soaring interest rates and inflation but falling energy prices, strong labour markets, and firm consumption have led to an unexpected resilience in recent economic data. As a result, 2023 GDP forecasts for the major advanced economies have seen upwards revisions in recent months. However, the quarterly pace of global growth is expected to ease from here as the lagged impact of interest rate increases weighs on activity and the boost from China's re-opening fades.

Year-on-year headline CPI inflation peaked at 11.1%, 10.6% and 9.1% in the UK, Eurozone and US, respectively in the second half of 2022. Despite an easing in inflation, largely owing to falling energy prices, headline CPI remains elevated in March 2023, at 10.1%, 6.9% and 5.0% in the UK, Eurozone and US, respectively. Core inflation measures, which exclude volatile energy and food components, also remain well above central bank targets: year-on-year core CPI in the UK, Eurozone and US stood at 6.2%, 5.7%, and 5.6% in March 2023.

In response, the major central banks have embarked on one of the most aggressive rate hiking cycles on record amidst concerns that core inflation might become ingrained. Interest rates were raised from historically low levels; reaching 4.25% p.a., 3.0% p.a., and 5.0% p.a. in the UK, Eurozone and US respectively as at 31 March 2023.

High inflation and interest rate rises saw yields and volatility rise sharply in government bond markets. In the wake of the UK's mini budget in September selling of gilts by leveraged investors threatened to get out of control, with yields only falling back from their September peak following intervention by the Bank of England. UK 10-year yields increased from 1.6% p.a. to 3.5% p.a. while equivalent US yields rose 1.2% p.a., to 3.5% p.a., and German yields increased 1.7% p.a., to 2.3% p.a.

UK 10-year implied inflation, as measured by the difference between conventional and inflation-linked bonds of the same maturity, fell 0.8% p.a. to 3.6% p.a.

Despite recent tightening, inflation and growth concerns weighed on credit markets over the past year, with global investment grade credit spreads widening 0.3% p.a. to 1.5% p.a. and speculative-grade credit spreads widening 0.9% p.a., to 5.1% p.a.

Despite rallying strongly since its low in October 2022, the FTSE All World Index Total Return Index fell 5.0% over the period. Energy was the best performing sector, boosted by surging oil and gas prices. Consumer discretionary and technology were among the worst performing sectors over the year amidst cost-of-living pressures and rising rates, while recent banking stresses resulted in a significant hit to financial stocks.

The UK sterling and Japanese yen fell 2.7% and 4.2% respectively over the past 12 months in trade-weighted terms while equivalent dollar and euro measures rose 4.2% and 2.9%, respectively.

The MSCI UK Monthly Property Total Return Index declined 14.7% year-on-year primarily due to a 18.8% fall in capital values. Values fell across the three main commercial sectors and were most pronounced in the industrial sector.

Investment risk

The Trustee manages investment risk, including credit risk and market risk, within agreed risk limits which are set taking into account the Plan's strategic investment objectives. The Trustee's risk management policy is documented in its Statement of Investment Principles, referred to above. These investment objectives and risk limits are implemented through the investment management agreements in place with the Plan's investment managers and monitored by the Trustee through regular reviews of the investment portfolios.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENT REPORT (continued)

Credit risk

Direct credit risk arising from pooled investment vehicles is mitigated by the underlying assets of the pooled arrangements being ring-fenced from the pooled manager, the regulatory environments in which the pooled managers operate and diversification of investments amongst a number of pooled arrangements. The Fiduciary Manager carries out due diligence checks on the appointment of new pooled investment managers and on an ongoing basis monitors any changes to the regulatory and operating environment of the pooled manager. The pooled investment arrangements used by the Plan comprise investment companies with variable capital, common contractual funds, qualifying investor alternative investment fund and Irish collective asset-management vehicle.

The Plan is also indirectly exposed to credit risk arising on some of the financial instruments held by the pooled investment vehicles. Indirect credit risk arises in relation to the underlying investments held within the Plan's pooled investment vehicles. The proportion subject to credit risk will depend on the investment held at the time. The Fiduciary Manager will consider risk and expected reward when determining which investments to invest in.

Cash is held within financial institutions which are at least investment grade credit rated.

Currency risk

Some of the Plan's investments are held in overseas markets and the Plan invests in pooled funds which are denominated in currencies other than Sterling. The Plan's exposure to overseas currencies is delegated to the Fiduciary Manager, subject to a currency hedging level of between 50% and 100% in respect of the return seeking portfolio. The matching portfolio invests solely in Sterling denominated assets.

Interest rate risk

The Plan is subject to interest rate risk because some of the Plan's investments are held in pooled funds whose value is linked to interest rates.

The Plan's exposure to interest rate risk arises from the Plan's indirect investment in pooled liability matching assets. The value of these matching assets changes in response to changes in interest rates:

- If interest rates fall, the value of the Plan's matching investments will rise. This increase in value will help to match or offset some of the increase in the value of the Plan's liabilities arising from a fall in the discount rate (which is linked to interest rates).
- If interest rates rise, the value of the Plan's matching investments will fall. This decrease in value will be offset by a decrease in the value of the Plan's actuarial liabilities arising from an increase in the discount rate (which is linked to interest rates).

The Plan's return seeking investments are subject to interest rate risk through bonds held through pooled investment vehicles. The Fiduciary Manager will consider the risk and expected reward when determining which investments to invest in.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENT REPORT (continued)

Return on investments

The asset value of the Plan fell over the year, largely due to the material increase in UK gilt yields, which reduced LDI assets and the Plan's liabilities.

The return seeking portfolio fell in value amidst a challenging environment for many asset classes.

Investment arrangements

The table below details the Plan's investment arrangements (excluding AVCs) as at 31 March 2023 and the returns on the funds for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Manager	Value (£m)	Weight (%)	Absolute performance		Benchmark performance	
			1 year (%)	3 years (%pa)	1 year (%)	3 years (%pa)
WTW Partners Diversified Growth Fund	34.0	28.2	-2.9	6.0	12.1	8.0
M&G Credit Opportunity ⁵	5.6	4.6	1.7	-	1.7	-
TWIM Secure Income Fund	19.5	16.2	-2.3	-	-37.8	-
Cash and other ^{1,5}	2.5	2.1	2.8	1.8	2.8	1.8
Total return-seeking²	61.6	51.1	-3.3	7.3	5.8	4.9
LGIM Liability Driven Investment ^{3,5}	59.1	48.9	-59.6	-28.4	-59.6	-28.4
Total matching³	59.1	48.9	-59.6	-28.4	-59.6	-28.4
Total Plan⁴	120.7	100.0	-27.9	-7.6	-21.2	-7.4

Source: The Northern Trust Company Limited. Dashes are shown where performance is not available. Table is subject to rounding

1. Cash and other includes residual assets invested in legacy managers.

2. WTW were appointed as fiduciary manager for the return seeking portfolio during the period. The performance shown for Total return seeking includes legacy managers.

3. The Plan invested in LGIM LDI funds in June 2019, which replaced SSgA. The performance shown for Total matching includes legacy managers.

4. Total Plan performance includes performance from legacy holdings.

5. Benchmark performance is set to equal fund performance for, M&G, Cash and LGIM LDI.

Performance is shown net of fees where this information is available.

The Plan's absolute performance for the year ended 31 March 2023 was -27.9% versus a benchmark performance of -21.2%.

The Trustee reviews performance versus the journey plan on a quarterly basis, making changes as necessary following advice from its investment consultant.

The Trustee has considered the nature, disposition, marketability, security and valuation of the Plan's investments, and consider them to be appropriate relative to the reasons for holding each class of Investment.

Further details about investments are given in the notes to the financial statements.

Custodian arrangements

The Trustee has appointed The Northern Trust Company Limited as custodian of the Plan's assets. The performance of The Northern Trust Company Limited as custodian is periodically reviewed.

The pooled funds in which the Plan invests have their own custodial arrangements. The records and procedures of the Custodian are routinely subjected to scrutiny by its external auditors and the regulatory authorities. The Custodian accepts responsibility for financial losses as a result of negligence or fraud. There is no involvement by the Trustee or Principal Employer in custody procedures.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENT REPORT (continued)

Transaction costs

Transaction costs are included in the cost of purchases and deducted from sales proceeds. Direct transaction costs include fees, commissions and stamp duty. Fees in relation to pooled investment vehicles are included in the unit price.

Investment management fees

WTW are the Fiduciary Manager for the return seeking portfolio. WTW have discretion to negotiate fee agreements with underlying managers on behalf of the Trustee. There is also a fiduciary fee based on the asset value of the return seeking portfolio.

The LDI manager charges the Plan directly by raising quarterly invoices.

Employer related investments

As at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 there were no employer related investments.

Taskforce on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) Report 2023

The Trustee has prepared its second TCFD report. A copy of that report is available at

<https://members.pensionpal.co.uk/jaguarlandroverpensions>

Implementation Statement

The Trustee has prepared its annual Implementation Statement which describes how the Trustee has complied with the Plan's Stewardship policy over the past year to 31 March 2023 and is included in full on page 39 and forms part of this Report.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE (CONTINUED)

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEE'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustee's responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102"), are the responsibility of the trustee. Pension scheme regulations require, and the trustee is responsible for ensuring, that those financial statements:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the plan during the plan year and of the amount and disposition at the end of the plan year of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the plan year; and
- contain the information specified in Regulation 3A of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, including making a statement whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework applicable to occupational pension schemes.

In discharging these responsibilities, the trustee is responsible for selecting suitable accounting policies, to be applied consistently, making any estimates and judgements on a prudent and reasonable basis, and for ensuring that the financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the plan will continue as a going concern.

The trustee is also responsible for making available certain other information about the plan in the form of an annual report.

The trustee has a general responsibility for ensuring that accounting records are kept and for taking such steps as are reasonably open to it to safeguard the assets of the plan and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities, including the maintenance of an appropriate system of internal control.

The trustee is also responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the plan's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

The trustee's responsibilities in respect of contributions

The trustee is responsible under pensions legislation for preparing, and from time to time reviewing and if necessary revising, a schedule of contributions showing the rates of contributions payable to the plan by or on behalf of employers and the active members of the plan and the dates on or before which such contributions are to be paid.

The trustee is also responsible for keeping records in respect of contributions received in respect of any active member of the plan and for adopting risk-based processes to monitor whether contributions that fall due to be paid are paid into the plan in accordance with the schedule of contributions.

Where breaches of the schedule occur, the trustee is required by the Pensions Acts 1995 and 2004 to consider making reports to the Pensions Regulator and to members.

CONTACT FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

Request for additional information about the Plan generally, or queries relating to members' own benefits, should be made to the contact listed on page 2.

The Report of the Trustee on pages 4 to 17 was approved by Jaguar Land Rover Pension Trustees Limited and signed on its behalf by:

) Trustee Director

Date:

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE OF JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Jaguar Executive Pension Plan's financial statements:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the plan during the year ended 31 March 2023, and of the amount and disposition at that date of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the year;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- contain the information specified in Regulation 3A of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996.

We have audited the financial statements, included in the Annual Report and Financial Statements, which comprise: the Statement of Net Assets (available for benefits) as at 31 March 2023; the Fund Account for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the plan in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the plan's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the plan's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustee with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all the information in the Annual Report and Financial Statements other than the financial statements, our auditors' report thereon and our auditors' statement about contributions. The trustee is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE OF JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Reporting on other information (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the trustee for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the statement of trustee's responsibilities, the trustee is responsible for ensuring that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they show a true and fair view. The trustee is also responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In the preparation of the financial statements, the trustee is responsible for assessing the plan's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustee either intends to wind up the plan, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the plan and its environment, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to the administration of the plan in accordance with the Pensions Acts 1995 and 2004 and regulations made under them, and codes of practice issued by the Pensions Regulator; and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered the direct impact of these laws and regulations on the financial statements. We evaluated incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements, including the risk of override of controls, by the trustee and those responsible for, or involved in, the preparation of the underlying accounting records and financial statements, and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journals to conceal misappropriation of assets and inappropriate adjustments of asset valuations. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE OF JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit (continued)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

- Testing journal entries where we identified particular fraud risk criteria.
- Obtaining independent confirmations of material investment valuations and cash balances at the year end.
- Testing estimates and judgements made in the preparation of the financial statements for indicators of bias.
- Reviewing meeting minutes, any correspondence with the Pensions Regulator, and significant contracts and agreements.
- Holding discussions with the trustee to identify significant or unusual transactions and known or suspected instances of fraud or non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- Assessing financial statement disclosures, and agreeing these to supporting evidence, for compliance with the Pensions Acts 1995 and 2004 and regulations made under them.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the trustee as a body in accordance with section 41 of the Pensions Act 1995 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
London
Date:

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

FUND ACCOUNT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	Note	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
CONTRIBUTIONS AND BENEFITS			
Contributions			
Employer contributions	4	1,305	2,642
Employee contributions	4	11	8
Total contributions		<u>1,316</u>	<u>2,650</u>
Benefits paid or payable	5	(5,300)	(4,747)
Transfers out to other schemes	6	(3,670)	(4,214)
Administrative expenses	7	(205)	(199)
		<u>(9,175)</u>	<u>(9,160)</u>
NET WITHDRAWALS FROM DEALINGS WITH MEMBERS		<u>(7,859)</u>	<u>(6,510)</u>
INVESTMENT RETURNS			
Investment income	8	1,098	847
Investment management expenses	9	(310)	(280)
Change in market value of investments	10.1	(49,064)	5,041
NET RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS		<u>(48,276)</u>	<u>5,608</u>
NET DECREASE IN THE FUND		<u>(56,135)</u>	<u>(902)</u>
OPENING NET ASSETS		<u>177,430</u>	<u>178,332</u>
CLOSING NET ASSETS		<u>121,295</u>	<u>177,430</u>

The notes on pages 23 to 35 form an integral part of these financial statements.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS)
AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

	Note	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
INVESTMENT ASSETS			
Pooled investment vehicles	10.3	120,355	150,180
AVC investments	10.4	92	90
Cash deposits	10.5	-	23,787
Other investment balances	10.5	385	8
		<u>120,832</u>	<u>174,065</u>
INVESTMENT LIABILITIES			
Other investment balances	10.5	(3)	(3)
		<u>120,829</u>	<u>174,062</u>
TOTAL INVESTMENTS			
CURRENT ASSETS	13	728	3,518
CURRENT LIABILITIES	14	(262)	(150)
		<u>121,295</u>	<u>177,430</u>
TOTAL NET ASSETS (AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS)			

The notes on pages 23 to 35 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements summarise the transactions and net assets of the Plan. They do not take account of liabilities to pay pensions and other benefits which fall due after the end of the Plan year. The actuarial position of the Plan which does take account of such obligations is dealt with in the Report on Actuarial Liabilities on pages 6 and 7 and the Actuarial Certificate on page 38 and these financial statements should be read in conjunction with them.

The financial statements on pages 21 to 35 were approved by Jaguar Land Rover Pension Trustees Limited and signed on its behalf by:

) Trustee Director

Date:

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 GENERAL INFORMATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The Plan is an occupational pension scheme domiciled in the United Kingdom and established as a trust under English law to provide retirement benefits to certain groups of employees within Jaguar Land Rover Limited and was closed to new members in April 2010. The address of the Plan's office is Abbey Road, Whitley, Coventry, Warwickshire, CV3 4LF. The Plan is a defined benefit scheme albeit with some defined contribution benefits derived from additional voluntary contributions paid by members.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The individual financial statements of Jaguar Executive Pension Plan (the "Plan") have been prepared in accordance with the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("FRS 102") and the guidance set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice "Financial Reports of Pension Schemes" (revised June 2018) ("the SORP").

3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Plan's functional currency and presentational currency is pounds sterling (GBP). The following accounting policies have been consistently applied:

3.1 Contributions

Employee and Employer normal contributions and additional voluntary contributions (AVCs) are accounted for as and when they are deducted from the related salary.

Deficit and additional contributions are accounted for on the earlier of the due dates set out in the Schedule of Contributions or on receipt with the agreement of the Principal Employer and the Trustee.

Contributions in respect of PPF levies are accounted for as and when they are due from the Principal Employer under the Schedule of Contributions.

3.2 Benefits

Pensions in payment are accounted for in the year to which they relate.

Benefits are accounted for in the year in which the member notifies the Trustee of their decision on the type or amount of benefit to be taken, or if there is no member choice, on the date of retirement or leaving.

Claims on term insurance policies are accounted for in the year to which they relate.

Where tax liabilities are settled on behalf of members, for example where the lifetime allowance or annual allowance is exceeded, the tax due is accounted for on the same basis as the benefit.

3.3 Transfer to other schemes

Individual transfers out are accounted for when the member liability is discharged which is normally when the transfer amount is paid.

3.4 Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis. The Plan bears all the costs of administration.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3.5 Investment income

Income arising from the underlying investments of the pooled investment vehicles that is reinvested within the pooled investment vehicles is reflected in the unit price and is included within change in market value.

Income from cash and short term deposits is accounted for on an accruals basis.

The change in market value of investments during the year comprises all increases and decreases in the market value of investments held at any time during the year, including profits and losses on realised sales of investments.

3.6 Transaction costs

Transaction costs are included in the cost of purchases and deducted from sales proceeds. Direct transaction costs include fees, commissions and stamp duty, and are analysed by main asset class and type of cost.

3.7 Investment management expenses

Investment management fees and rebates are accounted for on an accruals basis.

3.8 Valuation of investments

Pooled investment vehicles are valued at the latest available bid price or single price provided by the fund manager. Shares in other arrangements have been valued at the latest available net asset value (NAV) determined in accordance with fair value principles, provided by the pooled fund manager.

The market value of the AVC policies has been taken as the closing single price at the year-end.

3.9 Foreign currencies

Assets which are held in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the year-end. Gains and losses arising on conversion or translation are dealt with as part of the change in market value of investments.

3.10 Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Trustee makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

For the Plan, the Trustee believes the only estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are related to the valuation of the Plan investments and, in particular, those classified in Level 3 of the fair-value hierarchy. Explanation of the key assumptions underpinning the valuation of investments are included within 3.8 above and within note 11.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4 CONTRIBUTIONS

	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Contributions from Employer:		
Normal	677	539
Deficit funding	300	1,512
Additional	324	587
PPF levies	4	4
	1,305	2,642
Contributions from Employees:		
Normal	11	8
	11	8
Total contributions	1,316	2,650

Within Employer normal contributions are Employee salary sacrifice contributions.

Employer PPF levies contributions of £4k (2022: £4k) comprises amounts paid by the Employer to fund the Pension Protection Fund levy of £3k (2022: £3k) and Pension Regulator Levy of £1k (2022: £1k).

Under the Schedule of Contributions certified by the Plan Actuary on 29 April 2020, deficit funding contributions of £126k per month were due for the period from 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022 and £0.1m per month due from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023. Under the new Schedule of Contributions certified by the Plan Actuary on 30 June 2022, deficit funding contributions of £0.1m per month, as per the previous Schedule, will be paid in the period 1 April 2022 and 30 June 2022. No further deficit funding contributions are due post 30 June 2022.

A further Schedule of Contributions was certified by the Plan Actuary on 31 March 2023. Under this Schedule, the Trustee and Principal Employer have agreed a mechanism under which employer contributions for active members are to be assessed and updated on a quarterly basis, subject to Principal Employer contributions being no less than 10% and no higher than 30% of Pensionable Pay.

Under the Schedules of Contributions noted above, the Employer agreed to pay additional contributions in respect of estimated administrative expenses of £324k (2022: £336k).

5 BENEFITS PAID OR PAYABLE

	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Pensions	4,745	4,622
Commutation of pensions and lump sum retirement benefits	482	-
Lump sums on death	5	5
Tax on lifetime/annual allowance	68	120
	5,300	4,747

6 TRANSFERS OUT TO OTHER SCHEMES

	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Individual transfers out to other schemes	3,670	4,214

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Actuarial fees	121	133
Administration fees	9	6
Audit fees	11	12
Legal fees	48	30
Covenant adviser fees	12	14
Pension protection levy	3	3
Pensions regulator levy	1	1
	<u>205</u>	<u>199</u>

8 INVESTMENT INCOME

	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Interest from cash and cash equivalents	92	14
Income from pooled investment vehicles	1,006	833
	<u>1,098</u>	<u>847</u>

9 INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT EXPENSES

	2023	2022
	£000	£000
Investment consultancy and fiduciary management fees	118	183
Investment management and custodian fees	192	97
	<u>310</u>	<u>280</u>

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

10 INVESTMENTS

10.1 RECONCILIATION OF INVESTMENTS

Reconciliation of investments held at beginning and end of year:

	Value at 1 April 2022 £'000	Purchases at cost £'000	Sales proceeds £'000	Change in market value £'000	Value at 31 March 2023 £'000
Return-seeking:					
Pooled investment vehicles	87,180	32,326	(53,901)	(4,023)	61,582
Liability matching:					
Pooled investment vehicles	63,000	332,405	(291,579)	(45,053)	58,773
	150,180	<u>364,731</u>	<u>(345,480)</u>	<u>(49,076)</u>	<u>120,355</u>
AVC investments	90			2	92
Cash deposits	23,787			10	-
Other investment balances – net	5			-	382
	<u>174,062</u>			<u>(49,064)</u>	<u>120,829</u>

The change in market value of investments during the year comprises all increases and decreases in the market value of investments held at any time during the year, including profits and losses realised on sales of investments during the year.

10.2 TRANSACTION COSTS

Transaction costs are included in the cost of purchases and deducted from sales proceeds. There are indirect transaction costs borne through the trading of underlying investments within pooled investment vehicles, although it is not currently possible to quantify these.

10.3 POOLED INVESTMENT VEHICLES

	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Return-seeking		
Diversified Growth	34,004	60,895
Secure Income Alternatives	19,479	20,822
Credit	5,556	5,463
Liquidity Funds	2,543	-
Liability matching		
Liability Driven Investments	58,773	63,000
	<u>120,355</u>	<u>150,180</u>

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

10.4 AVC INVESTMENTS

The Trustee holds assets which are separately invested from the main fund, in the form of individual insurance policies. These secure additional benefits, on a money purchase basis, for those members who have elected to pay additional voluntary contributions. Members participating in this arrangement receive an annual statement confirming the amounts held to their account and the movements during the year. The total amount of AVC investments at the year-end is shown below:

	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Legal & General Assurance (Pensions Management) Limited (Unit Linked)	55	57
Prudential Assurance Company Limited (With Profits and Cash Deposit)	37	33
	<u>92</u>	<u>90</u>

10.5 CASH DEPOSITS AND OTHER INVESTMENT BALANCES

	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Cash deposits and other investment balance assets		
Sterling deposits	-	23,787
Pending trades	385	-
Accrued income	-	8
	<u>385</u>	<u>23,795</u>
Other investment balance liabilities		
Other liabilities	(3)	(3)
	<u>(3)</u>	<u>(3)</u>
Net cash deposits and other investment balances	<u>382</u>	<u>23,792</u>

10.6 CONCENTRATION OF INVESTMENTS

Investments accounting for more than 5% of the net assets of the Plan were:

	2023		2022	
	£'000	%	£'000	%
Towers Watson (TW) Partners Fund	34,004	28.0	46,868	26.4
Towers Watson (TW) Secure Income Fund	19,479	16.1	20,822	11.7
LGIM - TA Sterling Liquidity Fund	9,724	8.0	3,136	1.8
Towers Watson Sterling Liquidity Fund	-	-	14,027	7.9
L&G UK Index Linked Gilt 2042	974	0.8	10,210	5.7

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

11 FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

The Plan's investments have been analysed using the Fair Value Hierarchy outlined below. The levels refer to the inputs used to derive the value of the assets. Where an asset valuation uses inputs from a combination of levels then it falls into the highest level of those inputs.

Level 1	The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. (e.g. quoted equities, exchange traded derivatives, exchange traded funds and in certain circumstances highly liquid exchange traded bonds such as UK gilts).
Level 2	Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e. developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. (e.g. open-ended pooled funds that are priced regularly and have no significant redemption restrictions under normal business conditions and bonds which are valued on an average or broker quotes).
Level 3	Inputs are unobservable (i.e. for which market data is unavailable) for the asset or liability. (e.g. closed ended pooled arrangements such as private equity investments).

The Plan's investment assets and liabilities have been fair valued using the above hierarchy as follows:

Asset category	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total 2023
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Return-seeking:				
Pooled investment vehicles	-	27,578	34,004	61,582
Liability matching:				
Pooled investment vehicles	-	58,773	-	58,773
Other investment - net ¹	-	382	-	382
AVCs	-	92	-	92
Total Plan	-	86,825	34,004	120,829

¹ Other includes residual assets invested in legacy managers and income accruals.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

11 FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (CONTINUED)

Asset category	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	2022 £'000
Return-seeking:				
Pooled investment vehicles	-	40,312	46,868	87,180
Liability matching:				
Pooled investment vehicles	-	63,000	-	63,000
Cash deposits & other ¹	23,787	-	-	23,787
Other investment - net ¹	5	-	-	5
AVCs	-	90	-	90
Total Plan	23,792	103,402	46,868	174,062

¹ Other includes residual assets invested in legacy managers and income accruals.

The Plan's pooled investments are priced at varying frequencies. Most of the funds are open-ended and therefore the units in those funds can be redeemed at a price determined by reference to the value of the underlying assets on the day a price is next struck for that fund, which may be on a daily, weekly or monthly basis. Where funds are priced on a daily or weekly basis and a price is therefore available as at the year-end date, these investments have been assigned to level 2. Where pooled funds are open-ended but priced less frequently and a price is not available as at the year-end date or those which are unlisted closed-ended funds where investors do not have a right to redeem but may be able to sell their units to other investors are classified as level 3.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

12 INVESTMENT RISKS

FRS 102 requires the disclosure of information in relation to certain investment risks. These risks are set out by FRS 102 as follows:

Credit risk: this is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Market risk: this comprises currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

- **Currency risk:** this is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.
- **Interest rate risk:** this is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.
- **Other price risk:** this is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Plan has exposure to these risks because of the investments it makes to implement its investment strategy. The Trustee's primary investment objective is to secure and maintain sufficient assets to meet the Plan's defined benefit liabilities, as they fall due.

The Trustee manages investment risk, including credit risk and market risk, within agreed risk limits which are set taking into account the Plan's strategic investment objectives. The Trustee's risk management policy is documented in its Statement of Investment Principles. These investment objectives and risk limits are implemented through the investment management agreements in place with the Plan's investment managers and monitored by the Trustee through regular reviews of the investment portfolios.

The following table summarises the extent to which the various classes of investments are affected by financial risks:

	Credit Risk	Currency	Market Risk Interest Rate	Other price	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Return Seeking Assets						
Pooled investment vehicles (indirect risk)						
Secure income alternatives	●	○	○	○	19,479	20,822
Credit	●	○	●	○	5,556	5,463
Diversified growth	●	●	●	●	34,004	60,895
Liquidity funds	●	○	●	○	2,543	-
Cash deposits	●	○	●	○	-	23,787
Liability Matching Assets						
Pooled Investment Vehicles (indirect risk)						
Liability Driven Investments	●	○	●	○	58,773	63,000
Other Investments – net	●	○	○	○	382	5
Total					120,737	173,972

In the above table, the risk noted affects the asset class [●] significantly, [○] partially or [○] hardly / not at all. The values shown in the table above do not include AVC investments as they are not considered significant in relation to the overall investments of the Plan.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

12 INVESTMENT RISKS (continued)

Further information on the Trustee's approach to risk management and the Plan's exposures to credit and market risks are set out below.

(i) CREDIT RISK

The Plan invests in pooled investment vehicles and is therefore indirectly exposed to credit risk arising on the financial instruments held by the pooled investment vehicles.

Direct credit risk arising from pooled investment vehicles is mitigated by the underlying assets of the pooled arrangements being ring-fenced from the pooled manager, the regulatory environments in which the pooled managers operate and diversification of investments amongst a number of pooled arrangements. The Fiduciary Manager carries out due diligence checks on the appointment of new pooled investment managers and on an ongoing basis monitors any changes to the regulatory and operating environment of the pooled manager.

A summary of pooled investment vehicles by type of arrangement is as follows:

Legal status	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Qualifying Investor Alternative Investor Funds (open ended)	59,038	66,357
Unit Linked Insurance Contracts	61,317	83,823
Total	120,355	150,180

Cash is held within financial institutions which are at least investment grade credit rated. The value of cash held as at 31 March 2023 was £nil (2022: £23.8m).

(ii) CURRENCY RISK

Some of the Plan's investments are held in overseas markets and the Plan invests in pooled funds which are denominated in currencies other than Sterling. The Plan's exposure to overseas currencies is delegated to the Fiduciary Manager, subject to a currency hedging level of between 50% and 100% in respect of the return seeking portfolio. The matching portfolio invests solely in Sterling denominated assets.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

12 INVESTMENT RISKS (continued)

(iii) INTEREST RATE RISK

The Plan is subject to interest rate risk because some of the Plan's investments are held in pooled funds whose value is linked to interest rates.

Liability matching assets

The Plan's primary exposure to interest rate risk arises from the Plan's indirect investment in pooled liability matching assets. The value of these matching assets changes in response to changes in interest rates:

- If interest rates fall, the value of the Plan's liability matching investments will rise. This increase in value will help to match or offset some of the increase in the value of the Plan's actuarial liabilities arising from a fall in the discount rate (which is linked to interest rates).
- If interest rates rise, the value of the Plan's liability matching investments will fall. This decrease in value will be offset by a decrease in the value of the Plan's actuarial liabilities arising from an increase in the discount rate (which is linked to interest rates).

As at 31 March 2023 the liability matching portfolio represented 48.9% (2022: 36.2%) of the total investment portfolio based on the fair value of the investment.

Return-seeking assets

The Plan's return-seeking investments are subject to interest rate risk through bonds and private equity funds held through pooled investment vehicles. The investment managers will consider the risk and expected reward when determining which investments to invest in.

As at 31 March 2023, 51.1% (2022: 63.8%) of the portfolio was held in the return-seeking portfolio, based on the fair value of the investments.

(iv) OTHER PRICE RISK

Other price risk arises principally in relation to the Plan's return-seeking portfolio.

Other price risk varies depending on the particular market and the Plan manages its exposure to overall price movements by constructing a diverse portfolio of investments across various markets. For pooled funds, the fund strategy determines the investments held. The risk here is mitigated by careful selection of the funds and diversification across a number of funds. The risks taken are considered in the context of the expected returns. The Trustee receives regular reports from its fund managers and investment consultants to help manage this risk.

(v) OTHER MATTERS

During 2022/2023, geopolitical issues (such as Russia's war in Ukraine) and economic issues (such as increases in the rates of inflation and interest rates and movements in foreign currencies) have had a profound effect on domestic and global economies, with disruption and volatility in the financial markets. The Trustee, in conjunction with its advisers, monitors the situation closely and determines any actions that are considered to be necessary. This includes monitoring the Plan's investment portfolio, the operational impact on the Plan and the covenant of the Employer.

The extent of the impact on the Plan's investment portfolio, including financial performance, will depend on future developments in financial markets and the overall economy, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. Since the year end, the value of the Plan's investment assets and investment liabilities have been impacted. Whilst the Trustee monitors the overall position, it has not, at this time, quantified the change (being an increase or decrease) in market value of the investment assets and investment liabilities as markets remain fluid and unpredictable and therefore such an estimate cannot be made.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

13 CURRENT ASSETS

	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Contributions due from Employer	60	222
Amounts due from Employer in respect of VAT	81	138
Cash balance	587	3,158
	<u>728</u>	<u>3,518</u>

As at 31 March 2023, contributions due from Employer comprises contributions due from the employer relating to the month of March 2023 totalling £60k (2022: £222k month of March 2022). These were subsequently paid to the Plan in accordance with the Schedule of Contributions and therefore do not count as employer related investments.

14 CURRENT LIABILITIES

	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Death benefits	3	2
Retirement benefits	68	-
Pensions payable	106	98
Administrative expenses	44	24
Investment management expenses	41	26
	<u>262</u>	<u>150</u>

15 TAX

The Plan is a registered pension scheme for tax purposes under the Finance Act 2004. It is therefore exempt from taxation except for certain withholding taxes relating to overseas investment income. Tax charges are accrued on the same basis as the investment income to which they relate.

16 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

In October 2018, the High Court determined that benefits provided to members who had contracted out of their pension scheme must be recalculated to reflect the equalisation of state pension ages between May 1990 and April 1997 for both men and women. The Trustee is now reviewing, with their advisers, the implication of this ruling on the Plan and the equalisation of guaranteed minimum pensions (GMP) between men and women; in the context of the rules of the Plan and the value of any liability. As soon as this review is finalised and any liability quantified, members will receive further communication and any impact on financial reporting will be considered by the Trustee.

In November 2020, the High Court handed down a further judgment on the GMP equalisation case in relation to the Lloyds Banking Group pension schemes. This follows from the original judgment in October 2018 which confirmed that pension schemes need to equalise pensions for the effect of unequal GMPs between males and females. This latest judgment confirms that defined benefit schemes which provide GMPs need to revisit and where necessary top up historic cash equivalent transfer values that were calculated based on unequalised benefits. The Trustee is currently assessing the impact on the Plan.

There are no other contingent liabilities as the year end (2022: £nil).

As at 31 March 2023, there were no outstanding capital commitments (2022: £nil).

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

17 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel of the Plan

Three Trustee Directors receive remuneration for services provided to the Plan and are paid from Plan assets. One Trustee Director receives £45,000 p.a. (2022: £25,000 p.a.) whilst the other two Trustee Director receive maximum remuneration of £10,000 p.a. for their role as Trustee Director. None of the other Trustee Directors receive any remuneration for their services provided other than out of pocket expenses.

Of the Trustee Directors who served during the year and up to the current date, 1 (2022: 1) was an active member of the Plan, 1 (2022: 1) was a pensioner and 1 (2022: 1) a deferred member.

Other related parties

Whilst the Plan bears all of the direct costs of administration, certain costs are incurred by the Principal Employer which are not re-charged to the Plan.

Other than as disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements there were no other related party transactions.

18 EMPLOYER RELATED INVESTMENTS

As at 31 March 2023, there were no employer related investments (2022: £Nil).

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' STATEMENT ABOUT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE TRUSTEE OF JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

STATEMENT ABOUT CONTRIBUTIONS

Opinion

In our opinion, the contributions payable under the schedules of contributions for the plan year ended 31 March 2023 as reported in Jaguar Executive Pension Plan's summary of contributions have, in all material respects, been paid in accordance with the schedules of contributions certified by the plan actuary on 29 April 2020, 30 June 2022 and 31 March 2023.

We have examined Jaguar Executive Pension Plan's summary of contributions for the plan year ended 31 March 2023 which is set out on the following page.

Basis for opinion

Our examination involves obtaining evidence sufficient to give reasonable assurance that contributions reported in the summary of contributions have, in all material respects, been paid in accordance with the relevant requirements. This includes an examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts of contributions payable to the plan under the schedules of contributions, and the timing of those payments.

Responsibilities for the statement about contributions

Responsibilities of the trustee in respect of contributions

As explained more fully in the statement of trustee's responsibilities, the plan's trustee is responsible for preparing, and from time to time reviewing and if necessary revising, a schedule of contributions and for monitoring whether contributions are made to the plan by employers in accordance with relevant requirements.

Auditors' responsibilities in respect of the statement about contributions

It is our responsibility to provide a statement about contributions and to report our opinion to you.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the trustee as a body in accordance with section 41 of the Pensions Act 1995 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
London

Date:

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

SUMMARY OF CONTRIBUTIONS PAYABLE

The contributions payable to the Plan under the Schedules of Contributions dated 29 April 2020, 30 June 2022 and 31 March 2023 were as follows:

	£'000
Contributions from Employer:	
Normal	677
Deficit funding	300
Additional	324
PPF levies	4
Contributions from Employee:	
Normal	11
Contributions payable under the Schedules of Contributions (as reported on by the Plan auditors)	1,316
Contributions reported in the financial statements	1,316

The Summary of Contributions was approved by Jaguar Land Rover Pension Trustees Limited and signed on its behalf by:

) Trustee Director

Date:

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

ACTUARIAL CERTIFICATE

Certification of schedule of contributions

Name of Scheme: Jaguar Executive Pension Plan


Adequacy of rates of contributions

1. I certify that, in my opinion, the rates of contributions shown in this schedule of contributions are such that the statutory funding objective could have been expected, on 31 March 2021, to continue to be met for the period for which the schedule is to be in force.

Adherence to statement of funding principles

2. I hereby certify that, in my opinion, this schedule of contributions is consistent with the Statement of Funding Principles dated 30 June 2022.

The certification of the adequacy of the rates of contributions for the purpose of securing that the statutory funding objective can be expected to be met is not a certification of their adequacy for the purpose of securing the scheme's liabilities by the purchase of annuities, if the scheme were wound up.

Signature		Date	31 March 2023
Name	Lynda Whitney	Qualification	Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries
Address	Parkside House Ashley Road Epsom Surrey KT18 5BS	Name of employer	Aon Solutions UK Limited

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN (THE “PLAN”) - IMPLEMENTATION STATEMENT

Statement of Compliance with the Jaguar Executive Pension Plan’s Stewardship Policy for the year ended 31 March 2023

Introduction

This is the Trustee’s statement prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment and Disclosure) (Amendment) Regulations 2019. This statement sets out how the Trustee has complied with the Plan’s Stewardship Policy during the 12-month period to 31 March 2023.

Stewardship Policy

The Trustee’s stewardship (voting and engagement) policy sets out how the Trustee will behave as an active owner of the Plan’s assets, which includes the Trustee’s approach to:

- the exercise of voting rights attached to assets; and
- undertaking engagement activity, including how the Trustee monitors and engages with its fiduciary manager and any other stakeholders.

The Trustee is satisfied that it has complied with its stewardship policy over the year. The Trustee’s stewardship policy is reviewed on, at least, an annual basis in line with the Plan’s Statement of Investment Principles (SIP) review, which was last completed in December 2022. A copy of the SIP can be found at

<https://members.pensionpal.co.uk/jaguarlandroverpensions>.

The Trustee updated the Plan’s SIP in December 2022, to reflect that the Trustee is a signatory to the 2020 Stewardship code. The Trustee will monitor both its compliance with the wider responsible investment policy and its ongoing appropriateness on a regular basis.

The Trustee’s approach to voting and engagement is summarised below.

Policy Wording

Voting

The Trustee has delegated voting and engagement activity in respect of the underlying assets to the Plan’s investment managers, the monitoring of which is provided by the Plan’s fiduciary manager (Willis Towers Watson, WTW). The fiduciary manager is responsible for the Plan’s return seeking portfolio.

The Trustee expects as a minimum that:

- All votes should be exercised where feasible;
- Votes are cast by underlying asset managers selected by the fiduciary manager. The fiduciary manager is required to oversee voting policies and voting activity of underlying asset managers to ensure good practice;
- The fiduciary manager provides clear monitoring and reporting on voting activity, and that this is discussed in detail on at least an annual basis;
- In particular, votes on resolutions related to climate and other environmental actions should be considered carefully based on the specific request being made and the context of the company in question. The Trustee expects a high-level support for votes requiring greater disclosure or setting a business transition strategy consistent with the Paris Agreement. The fiduciary manager is expected to monitor this and explain any cases where such votes are not supported.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN (THE “PLAN”) - IMPLEMENTATION STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

Voting (continued)

The Trustee believes that it is important that their investment managers take an active role in the supervision of the companies in which they invest, both by voting at shareholder meetings and engaging with the management on issues which affect a company’s financial performance.

Engagement

The Trustee expects the fiduciary manager to encourage underlying investment managers and its third-party specialist stewardship service, to promote underlying investee entities’ climate disclosures to be aligned with best practice, e.g., Task Force on Climate Related Financial Disclosures (“TCFD”), as the Trustee believes this will drive improved standards and transparency. The Trustee considers examples of engagement activity on an annual basis and prioritises climate-related examples.

Policy Implementation

WTW has appointed Federated Hermes Equity Ownership Services (“Hermes”) to undertake public engagement and advocacy work on behalf of certain equities held within the multi-asset funds that the Plan invests in. Hermes represent US\$1.34 trillion of assets (as at 31 December 2022), and so allows the Plan to combine with other investors to increase their ability to influence change. WTW represents their clients, including the Plan on the client advisory council at Hermes, providing input into the activities Hermes undertake.

Hermes work with policy makers and institutions around the world to better ensure that policies and standards are aligned with the interests of investors and best meet the needs of the end savers. Within a portion of the Plan’s public market equity portfolio, Hermes provide voting recommendation services to enhance engagement and help drive responsible ownership. Hermes engage with companies in the portfolio using a constructive, objectives-driven and continuous dialogue on Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) issues.

The Trustee’s own engagement activity is focused on their dialogue with the fiduciary manager, which is undertaken in conjunction with their investment consultant. The Trustee assesses the performance of the fiduciary manager in relation to their stewardship responsibilities, and also the underlying investment managers via reporting provided by their fiduciary manager. The Trustee has also received presentations from Hermes in the past.

In 2021, the Trustee successfully applied to become a signatory to the 2020 UK Stewardship Code. In order to maintain its signatory status, an annual report must be submitted detailing the actions undertaken by the Trustee over the past 12 months. Work is ongoing to submit this year’s annual report by 31 October 2023.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN (THE “PLAN”) - IMPLEMENTATION STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

Voting activity

The Trustee seeks to ensure that its investment managers are exercising voting rights and where appropriate, monitoring managers' voting patterns. The fiduciary manager monitors the voting and engagement policies and practices of the Plan's underlying investment managers. Following the development of its Responsible Investment Policy during the year, the Trustee will hold a dedicated session with its fiduciary manager at least once a year to discuss voting and engagement records.

At 31 March 2023, the Plan held a fund with Towers Watson Investment Management that had underlying equity exposure: the TWIM Partners Fund. The table below provides summary data for the TWIM Partners Fund. The proportion quoted relates to the allocation to the TWIM Partners Fund as at 31 March 2023.

The Plan's investment managers have reported on how votes were cast in each of these mandates as set out in the table below.

Manager	TWIM Partners Fund (equity proportion only)
Proportion of Plan assets as at 31 March 2023	8.7%
No. of meetings eligible to vote at during the year	1,890
No. of resolutions eligible to vote on during the year	25,560
% of resolutions voted	92.8%
% of resolutions voted with management	86.0%
% of resolutions voted against management	13.5%
% of resolutions abstained	0.5%
% of resolutions voted against recommendation of proxy adviser (if applicable)	4.5%

The Trustee is satisfied that a high proportion of the eligible resolutions have been voted on behalf of the Plan; TWIM Partners Fund voting on 92.8%. Furthermore, the Trustee is encouraged by a healthy proportion of voting being carried out against company management as this signifies manager engagement on voting matters.

Finally, the Trustee is satisfied with the proportion of votes carried out against proxy advisers, where this is often symptomatic of the managers having their own voting policies in place.

Significant votes

The Trustee has asked its fiduciary manager to report on the most significant votes cast by the underlying managers within the portfolios they manage on behalf of the Trustee. Managers were asked to provide examples of votes across areas that the Trustee has prioritised and therefore considers significant. This includes votes in relation to climate change, broader environmental issues, and diversity & inclusion. The managers were also asked to confirm the size of the position in the portfolio, how they voted, any engagement the manager had undertaken with the company and the outcome of the vote.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN (THE “PLAN”) - IMPLEMENTATION STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

An example of an environmental vote linked to climate change was provided, as was a diversity & inclusion example.

The Trustee has identified the following votes as being of particular relevance to the Plan:

Example 1

Anglo American, 19 April 2022, vote to “Approve climate change report”.

Holding represented c.0.1%

An underlying manager within the Willis Tower Watson Investment Management Partners Fund voted for a proposal, and with management, for Anglo American regarding the approval of a climate change report. The vote passed. The climate report sets out clear pathways to achieve carbon neutral operations by 2040 and the company’s ambition to reduce Scope 3 emissions by 50%, also by 2040. The manager continues to support initiatives to mitigate environmental risk which will, in turn, enhance long-term company performance.

Example 2

Cigna Corporation, 27 April 2022, vote for “Report on gender pay gap”.

Holding represented c.0.3%

An underlying manager within the Willis Tower Watson Investment Management Partners Fund voted for a proposal for Cigna Corporation to prepare a report on gender pay gap. The vote failed, in which the underlying manager voted for the proposal. The manager supports disclosure of data to assess Cigna’s gender pay gap on a raw and adjusted basis, which they believed would positively support the company’s recruitment and human resources efforts. The manager regards this as a significant vote as diversity, equity and inclusion are important for the long-term success of the company in attracting and retaining talent which in turn is important for shareholders’ interests.

Example 3

Amazon, 21 May 2022, vote for “Report on efforts to reduce plastic use”.

Holding represented c.0.4%

An underlying manager within the Willis Tower Watson Investment Management Partners Fund voted for a proposal for Amazon to produce a report on efforts to reduce plastic use. The vote was rejected. The manager supports proposals whether from management or shareholders which enhance transparency around environmental issues. The manager considers ESG factors to be an important consideration in influencing the long-term predictability and sustainability of the company’s revenue and earnings growth.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN (THE “PLAN”) - IMPLEMENTATION STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

Engagement activity

In implementing its Responsible Investment Policy, the Trustee has had ongoing engagement with the fiduciary manager, thereby ensuring that the Trustee’s priorities are properly understood, and that the fiduciary manager is in a position to reflect the Trustee’s policy in the implementation and reporting on its investment arrangements.

Consistent with the Trustee’s view that ESG factors can have a significant impact on investment returns, particularly over the long-term, the fiduciary manager believes that sustainable investment forms the cornerstone of successful long-term investment and has fully embedded the consideration of ESG factors in its processes.

The fiduciary manager’s process for selecting, monitoring and de-selecting managers explicitly and formally includes an assessment of a manager’s approach to sustainable investment (recognising that the degree to which these factors are relevant to any given strategy is a function of time horizon, investment style, philosophy and exposures). Where ESG factors are considered to be particularly influential to outcomes, the fiduciary manager engages with investment managers to improve their processes.

The Trustee holds meetings with its fiduciary manager on a regular basis where stewardship issues are discussed in further detail. This includes detailed assessment the underlying characteristics of portfolios and stewardship activity. The Trustee’s ongoing engagement with the fiduciary manager ensures that the Trustee’s policy priorities are being integrated into reporting and stewardship activity and will form the basis of future monitoring and discussion with the fiduciary manager.

Collaborative activity

The Trustee recognises that the fiduciary manager is part of a number of industry wide initiatives and collaborative engagements including:

- Becoming a signatory to the 2020 UK Stewardship Code in the first wave, and subsequently retaining that status;
- Co-founding the Net Zero Investment Consultants Initiative in 2021 with eleven other investment consultants (including the Plan’s Strategic Advisor)
- Joining the Net Zero Asset Managers Initiative in 2021, committing 100% of its discretionary assets
- Being a signatory of the Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI) and active member of their Stewardship Advisory Committee;
- Being a member of and contributor to the Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change (IIGCC);
- Co-founding the Investment Consultants Sustainability Working Group;
- Continuing to lead collaboration through the Thinking Ahead Institute and WTW Research Network;
- Being a founding member of The Diversity Project; and
- Being an official supporter of the Transition Pathway Initiative.

The Trustee benefits from the fiduciary manager’s involvement in these collaborative initiatives as the fiduciary manager is able to use its industry presence to champion positive change on the Plan’s behalf.

The fiduciary manager also as partners with Hermes EOS which provides both stewardship and broader advocacy services. One component of the partnership is undertaking public policy engagement on behalf of its clients. This engagement is done in conjunction with regulators and industry bodies to help shape capital markets and the environment in which companies and their investors operate.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN (THE “PLAN”) - IMPLEMENTATION STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Trustee benefits from this relationship as Hermes EOS are dedicated specialists that are able to influence policy in respect of over US\$1.34 trillion of assets. In addition, through its relationship with the fiduciary manager, the Trustee is able to provide input to future engagement priorities from Hermes, thereby contributing to broader levels of corporate engagement.

Summary of manager engagement activity

The Trustee receives regular reporting from its fiduciary manager on the engagement activity of its investment managers. The following table summarises the key engagement activity for the 12-month period to 31 March 23.

Manager	Number of engagements	Summary of topics engaged on
Hermes EOS (on behalf of WTW)	606 engagements across 155 companies	<p>Environmental: climate change, forestry and land use; pollution management, waste management; supply chain management and water</p> <p>Social: Diversity; bribery and corruption; human capital management; human rights; labour rights; conduct and culture and tax</p> <p>Governance: board independence; executive remuneration; shareholder protection and rights; succession planning; audit and accounting and cyber security</p>

Use of a proxy adviser

The below table details where investment managers have appointed a proxy adviser to advise on voting and/or conduct company engagement.

Manager	Proxy Advisor used
WTW (Fiduciary Manager)	Federated Hermes Equity Ownership Services

Review of policies

The fiduciary manager monitors the stewardship and ESG approach of the Plan’s Return-Seeking investment managers and reports to the Trustee. Through its Investment Implementation Committee, the Trustee has engaged with its fiduciary manager several times throughout the year on responsible investment issues.

This has contributed to the development of the Trustee’s own Responsible Investment Policy, which the Trustee agreed towards the end of the Plan year. Going forward, the Trustee will be monitoring adherence with its new Responsible Investment Policy, including a review of its ongoing appropriateness on at least an annual basis.

The Trustee is satisfied that the approach to stewardship set out in its responsible investment policy is suitable for the Plan.

Approved by the Trustee and signed on behalf of Jaguar Land Rover Pension Trustees Limited:

Signature: _____

Name: _____

Capacity: _____

Date: _____

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

STATEMENT OF INVESTMENT PRINCIPLES

Introduction

1. This document is the Statement of Investment Principles ('SIP') made by the Trustee of the Jaguar Executive Pension Plan (the 'Plan') in accordance with the requirements of Section 35 of the Pensions Act 1995 (as amended by the Pensions Act 2004 and regulations made under it).
2. The Trustee will review this SIP at least every three years and without delay after any significant change in investment policy. Before finalising this SIP, the Trustee took written advice from Hymans Robertson LLP and consulted Jaguar Land Rover Limited (the 'Employer'). The ultimate power and responsibility for deciding investment policy, however, lies solely with the Trustee.

Plan objectives

3. Following the 2018 actuarial valuation and subsequent investment review, the Trustee's strategy is designed to target a level of funding that allows the Plan to be fully invested in a low risk portfolio that generates sufficient liquidity to pay benefits as and when they are due. In seeking to achieve these objectives, the Trustee will continue to monitor funding levels and Company covenant strength, and consider contingency actions. In addition, the Trustee is mindful of the need to:
 - take account of prevailing market conditions when positioning the portfolio at any point in time
 - limit the risk of the assets failing to meet the liabilities over the long term, noting that asset growth is expected to be made up of investment returns (capital generation and growth) plus future contributions
 - review performance regularly and amend the portfolio as appropriate
 - protect and respect the reputation of the Plan, its beneficiaries and the Company
 - encourage its Investment Managers to exercise its investor rights and responsibilities with the aim of protecting and enhancing long term value

Investment strategy

4. The Trustee has established a Financial Strategy Committee ("FSC") that has received advice to determine an appropriate investment strategy (incorporating sustainable investment considerations) for the Plan. The FSC regularly monitors the appropriateness of the investment strategy in view of changes to the market outlook, covenant and funding issues. The Trustee has also established an Investment Implementation Committee ("IIC") to oversee and monitor the execution of the Plan's investment strategy. All decisions of the FSC and IIC will be recorded in committee minutes and made available to the full Trustee Board.
5. The investment strategy makes use of four key types of investments:
 - using a range of instruments that provide the appropriate cashflows to match pensioner liabilities
 - a diversified range of return-seeking assets, including (but not limited to) equities, corporate bonds, property, insurance and commodities
 - derivative instruments to manage the Plan's exposure to risks, including interest rate, inflation and currency risks
 - actively managed portfolios.
6. The balance within and between these investments will be determined from time to time with regard to maximising the chance of achieving the Plan's investment objective and the changes in the Plan's membership.
7. The Plan will hold assets in cash and other money market instruments from time to time as may be deemed appropriate.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

STATEMENT OF INVESTMENT PRINCIPLES (CONTINUED)

8. The Trustee will monitor the liability profile of the Plan and will review, at least every three years but more frequently if deemed necessary, in conjunction with the Investment Consultants (Hymans Robertson LLP) and the Plan Actuary, the appropriateness of its investment strategy.
9. The expected return of an investment and/or its ability to generate liability matching cashflows will be monitored at least every three years and will be directly related to the Plan's investment objective.
10. The Trustee's policy is that there will be sufficient investments in liquid or readily realisable assets to meet cashflow requirements in foreseeable circumstances so that the realisation of assets will not disrupt the Plan's overall investments, where practicable. The Trustee, together with the Plan's administrators, will also hold a balance of cash to help meet unanticipated benefit and other payment obligations.

Investment Managers

11. The Trustee has delegated investment manager selection and de-selection to the Fiduciary Manager (Towers Watson Limited) (with the exception of the LDI mandate which is the responsibility of the Trustee in consultation with the Investment Consultants). Both the Fiduciary Manager and the Investment Consultants will be responsible for manager monitoring, with the Investment Consultants also responsible for oversight of the Fiduciary Manager.
12. In accordance with the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, the Trustee will set general investment policy, but will delegate the responsibility for selection of specific investments to an appointed Investment Manager or Managers. The Investment Manager(s) shall provide the skill and expertise necessary to manage the investments of the Plan competently.
13. The Trustee is not involved in the Investment Managers' day-to-day method of operation and does not directly seek to influence attainment of their performance targets. The Fiduciary Manager and Investment Consultants will maintain processes to ensure that performance is assessed on a regular basis against a measurable objective for each manager, consistent with the achievement of the long term objectives, and an acceptable level of risk.
14. The Trustee recognises that a company's long-term financial success can be influenced by a wide range of factors including environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) issues. Consequently the Trustee's policy, as advised by the Investment Consultants, is to be an active long-term investor (through the delegation of investment manager selection, de-selection and monitoring and its associated approach to ESG issues, as set out in 15 16 and 17 below). The Trustee's focus is primarily on financially material considerations rather than non-financially material or ethical considerations.
15. The Trustee has given the fiduciary manager a target return for delegated mandates, which overall will align to deliver the broader Plan investment strategy. The LDI manager also has a target benchmark against which to manage their mandate. The Trustee reviews the nature of Plan investments on a regular basis, with particular reference to suitability and diversification. The Trustee has delegated implementation of the investment strategy to the Fiduciary Manager and LDI manager, both within agreed guidelines. The Fiduciary manager is responsible for ensuring the appropriateness of each manager and mandate for the Plan, particularly in relation to diversification, risk, expected return and liquidity. The Trustee recognises the long term nature of its liability profile and sets mandate guidelines designed to generate long term sustainable returns. Performance is reviewed on a regular basis against a series of metrics, including financial performance relative to the benchmark and objectives, the exercise of stewardship responsibilities (including engagement with issuers), and the management of risks. Material deviation from performance or risk targets is likely to result in the mandate being formally reviewed.

STATEMENT OF INVESTMENT PRINCIPLES (CONTINUED)

16. The Investment Consultants advises on the overarching ESG approach taken by the Plan, with implementation provided by the Fiduciary Manager and LDI manager. The Fiduciary Manager has a dedicated Sustainable Investment resource and a network of subject matter experts. The consideration of ESG issues is fully embedded in the investment manager selection and portfolio management process, with oversight undertaken on an ongoing basis, across both the return-seeking portfolio and cashflow matching portfolio (as appropriate). Whilst noting there may be limitations for each investment manager and asset strategy, the Fiduciary Manager expects investment managers to have ESG processes that align with the investment risk and return characteristics of the strategy. Where an investment manager's processes are deemed insufficient by the Fiduciary Manager and the investment manager does not take steps to improve their approach, the investment manager's position in the portfolio will be reviewed and/or a decision may be taken not to proceed with an investment. The Fiduciary Manager monitors the stewardship and ESG approach of the Plan's return-seeking investment managers and cashflow matching investment managers (as appropriate) and reports to the Trustee at least once a year.
17. Both the Fiduciary Manager and Investment Consultants consider a range of sustainable investment factors, such as, but not limited to, those arising from ESG considerations, including climate change, in the context of a broader risk management framework. The degree to which these factors are relevant to any given strategy is a function of time horizon, investment style, philosophy and particular exposures which the Fiduciary Manager takes into account in the assessment. The Trustee expects the Fiduciary Manager to encourage the Plan's investment managers to sign up to local or other applicable Stewardship Codes, in-keeping with good practice, subject to the extent of materiality for certain asset classes. The Fiduciary Manager and the Investment Consultants are signatories to the Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI) and the UK Stewardship Code and are actively involved in external collaborations and initiatives. The Trustee is a signatory to the 2020 UK Stewardship Code and has provided a statement of compliance which is available at www.frc.org.uk
18. The Trustee's policy is to delegate responsibility for the exercising of rights (including voting rights) attaching to investments to the investment managers. The Fiduciary Manager has appointed Hermes EOS to undertake public policy engagement on its behalf as well as company-level engagement and the provision of voting advice for the Plan's equity investments. The Trustee separately considers any conflicts of interest arising in the management of the Plan and its investments.
19. Whilst the Trustee expects performance to be delivered net of costs, including the costs of trading within the portfolio, the Trustee expects the Fiduciary and LDI managers to report on at least an annual basis on the underlying assets held within the portfolio with a summary of any transactions over the period. Going forward, the Trustee intends to review the costs incurred by the Fiduciary and LDI manager over each Plan reporting year. As part of this review, where possible, the Trustee will compare costs to the theoretical portfolio turnover and cost for an appropriate index.

Other matters

20. The Plan is a Registered Pension Scheme for the purposes of the Finance Act 2004.
21. The Plan's AVC arrangement provides for benefits to be accrued on a money purchase basis, with the value of members' funds being determined by the value of accumulated contributions adjusted for investment returns net of charges. In selecting appropriate investments, the Trustee is aware of the need to provide a range of investment options, which broadly satisfy the risk profiles of all members, given that members' benefits will be directly determined by the value of the underlying investments.
22. The Trustee recognises a number of risks involved in the investment of the Plan's assets:
 - Deficit risk:
 - is measured through a qualitative and quantitative assessment of the expected development of the liabilities relative to the current and alternative investment policies.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

STATEMENT OF INVESTMENT PRINCIPLES (CONTINUED)

- is managed through assessing the progress of the actual growth of the liabilities relative to the selected investment policy.
- Manager risk:
 - is measured by the expected deviation of the return relative to the benchmark set.
 - is managed by limiting exposure to any one Investment Manager, consideration of the appropriate amount of the Plan to allocate to each active portfolio and by monitoring the actual deviation of returns relative to the benchmark and factors supporting the managers' investment process.
 - The Trustee does not expect managers to take excess short-term risk and will regularly monitor the performance against the benchmarks and objectives set on a short, medium and long terms basis.
- Cashflow matching risk:
 - is measured by a comparison between the level and nature of the pensioner benefit cashflows required by the Plan over a specified period relative to projected asset income from the Plan's cashflow matching assets over that same period.
 - is managed by the Plan's portfolio being appropriately structured, implemented and monitored in order that the anticipated benefit cashflows can be met with a high degree of certainty.
- Liquidity risk:
 - is measured by the potential unexpected cashflow requirements that could occur. This could be the result of collateral requirements in the asset portfolio, member choices (transfers out) or demographic changes.
 - is managed by working with the Investment Consultants, Fiduciary Manager, Plan Actuary and administrator to understand the potential variation in these cashflow requirements (scenario analysis), clear working practices between these parties to identify and communicate cashflow requirements as soon as practicable, and through holding an appropriate level of cash and liquid assets within the portfolio.
- Currency risk:
 - is measured by the level of exposure to non-Sterling denominated assets.
 - is managed by the implementation of a currency hedging programme (through a combination of a segregated currency hedging overlay and currency hedging carried out by some of the Plan's Investment Managers) which reduces the impact of exchange rate movements on the Plan's asset value.
- Interest rate and inflation risk:
 - is measured by comparing the likely movement in the Plan's liabilities and assets due to movements in inflation and interest rates.
 - is managed by holding a portfolio of matching assets (physical bonds and/or derivatives) that enable the Plan's assets to better-match movements in the value of the liabilities due to inflation and interest rates.
- Political risk:
 - is measured by the level of concentration of any one market leading to the risk of an adverse influence on investment values arising from political intervention.
 - is managed by regular reviews of the actual investments relative to policy and through the level of diversification within the existing policy.
- Sponsor risk:
 - is measured by receiving regular financial updates from the Employer and periodic independent covenant assessments.
 - is managed through an agreed contribution and funding schedule.
- Counterparty and default risk:
 - is measured through a combination of market indicators (credit ratings and credit default swap spreads) and qualitative considerations.
 - is managed by having a diverse range of counterparties and through the negotiation of a suitable collateralisation process where appropriate. The Trustee has delegated the measurement and management of counterparty risk to the relevant Investment Managers.

JAGUAR EXECUTIVE PENSION PLAN

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

MEMBERS' INFORMATION

INTRODUCTION

The Plan is a defined benefit scheme and is administered by Mercer Limited, in accordance with the establishing document and rules, solely for the benefit of its members and other beneficiaries.

The registration number in the Register of Occupational and Personal Pension Schemes is 10132419.

Other information

- (i) The Trustee is required to provide certain information about the Plan to the Registrar of Pension Schemes. This has been forwarded to:

Pension Tracing Service
The Pension Service 9
Mail Handling Site A
Wolverhampton
WV98 1LU



www.gov.uk/find-pension-contact-details
0800 731 0193

- (ii) The Pensions Ombudsman may investigate and determine any complaint or dispute of fact or law in relation an occupational pension scheme. Any such complaints should be addressed in the first instance to the Trustee. Enquiries should be addressed to:

The Pensions Ombudsman
10 South Colonnade
Canary Wharf
London E14 4PU



enquiries@pensions-ombudsman.org.uk
0800 917 4487
www.pensions-ombudsman.org.uk

- (iii) The Pensions Advisory Service exists to assist members and beneficiaries of schemes in connection with difficulties which they have failed to resolve with the trustees or administrators of the scheme. TPAS may be contacted at:

The Money and Pensions Service
120 Holborn
London
EC1N 2TD



<https://www.pensionsadvisoryservice.org.uk/chat>
0800 011 3797
www.pensionsadvisoryservice.org.uk

- (iv) The Pensions Regulator (TPR) can intervene if it considers that a scheme's trustees, advisers or the employer are not carrying out their duties correctly. The address for TPR is:

Telecom House
125-135 Preston Rd
Brighton and Hove
Brighton
BN1 6AF

- (v) The Pension Protection Fund (PPF) was introduced to protect members' interests in certain circumstances, i.e. to provide compensation where an employer has become insolvent and the scheme assets have been reduced due to fraud, theft, or misappropriation. It does not cover losses resulting from adverse investment returns.

The PPF is funded by a levy on occupational pension schemes.

- (vi) The Trust Deed and Rules, the Plan details and a copy of the Statement of Investment Principles are available for inspection free of charge by contacting the Trustee at the address shown for enquiries in this report. Any information relating to the members' own pension position, including estimates of transfer values, should also be requested from the Plan Administrators at the address on page 2 of this report.