## **Engagement Policy Implementation Statement ("EPIS")**

## Brambles United Kingdom Pension Plan (the "Plan")

#### Plan Year End - 31 March 2025

The purpose of the EPIS is for us, the Trustee of the Brambles United Kingdom Pension Plan, to explain what we have done during the year ending 31 March 2025 to achieve certain policies and objectives set out in the Statement of Investment Principles ("SIP"). It includes:

- How our policies in the SIP about asset stewardship (including both voting and engagement activity) in relation to the Plan's investments have been followed during the year; and
- 2. How we have exercised our voting rights or how these rights have been exercised on our behalf, including the use of any proxy voting advisory services, and the 'most significant' votes cast over the reporting year.

#### Our conclusion

Based on the activity we have undertaken during the year, we believe that the policies set out in the SIP have been implemented effectively.

In our view, most of the Plan's material investment managers were able to disclose good evidence of voting and/or engagement activity, and the activities completed by our managers align with our stewardship expectations.

We delegate the management of some of the Plan's assets to our fiduciary manager, Aon Investments Limited ("AIL"). We believe the activities completed by our fiduciary manager to review the underlying managers' voting and engagement policies, and activities align with our stewardship expectations. We believe our voting rights have been implemented effectively on our behalf.

#### **Summary of the Trustee Engagement Action Plan**

Not all underlying investment managers were able to provide all the engagement information requested by AlL and AlL will continue to engage with these managers to encourage improvements in their reporting. These issues are set out in the Trustee Engagement Action Plan.

# How voting and engagement policies have been followed

The Plan is invested entirely in pooled funds, and so the responsibility for voting and engagement is delegated to the Plan's investment managers, which is in line with the policies set out in our SIP. We reviewed the stewardship activity of the material investment managers carried out over the Plan year and in our view, most of the investment managers were able to disclose good evidence of voting and engagement activity. More information on the stewardship activity carried out by the Plan's investment managers can be found in the following sections of this report.

Over the reporting year, we monitored the performance of the Plan's investments on a quarterly basis and received updates on important issues from our investment adviser, AlL. In particular, we received quarterly ESG ratings from AlL for the funds the Plan is invested in where available.

Each year, we review the voting and engagement policies of the Plan's investment managers to ensure they align with our own policies for the Plan and help us to achieve them.

The Plan's stewardship policy can be found in the SIP: here

### Our Engagement Action Plan

Based on the work we have done for the EPIS, we have decided to take the following steps over the next 12 months:

- 1. Our fiduciary manager will engage with managers on our behalf to better understand their engagement practices and discuss the areas which are behind our expectations.
- We will invite our fiduciary manager to a meeting to get a better understanding of how it is monitoring voting practices and engaging with underlying managers on our behalf, and how these help us fulfil our Responsible Investment policies.
- 3. We will undertake more regular meetings with our fiduciary manager if required, to ensure our fiduciary manager is using its resources to effectively influence positive outcomes in our relevant funds.

### What is stewardship?

Stewardship is investors using their influence over current or potential investees/issuers, policy makers, service providers and other stakeholders to create long-term value for clients and beneficiaries leading to sustainable benefits for the economy, the environment and society.

This includes prioritising which Environmental Social Governance ("ESG") issues to focus on, engaging with investees/issuers, and exercising voting rights.

Differing ownership structures means stewardship practices often differ between asset classes.

Source: UN PRI

### Our fiduciary manager's engagement activity

We delegate the management of the Plan's defined benefit assets to our fiduciary manager, AlL. AlL manages the Plan's assets in a range of funds which can include multi-asset, multi-manager and liability matching funds. AlL selects the underlying investment managers on our behalf.

We delegate monitoring of ESG integration and stewardship of the underlying managers to AIL. We have reviewed AIL's latest annual Stewardship Report and we believe it shows that AIL is using its resources to effectively influence positive outcomes in the funds in which it invests.

Over the year, AIL held several engagement meetings with many of the underlying managers in its strategies. AIL discussed ESG integration, stewardship, climate, biodiversity and modern slavery with the investment managers. AIL provided feedback to the managers after these meetings with the aim of improving the standard of ESG integration across its portfolios.

Over the year, AIL engaged with the industry through white papers, working groups, webinars and network events, as well as responding to multiple consultations.

AIL has a net zero commitment to deliver UK delegated investment portfolios and default strategies which have a net zero carbon emissions profile by 2050.

AlL also successfully renewed its signatory status to the 2020 UK Stewardship Code, which is a voluntary code established by the Financial Reporting Council that sets high standards on stewardship for asset owners, investment managers and service providers.

# What is fiduciary management?

Fiduciary management is the delegation of some, or all, of the day-to-day investment decisions and implementation to a fiduciary manager. But the trustees still retain responsibility for setting the high-level investment strategy.

In fiduciary management arrangements, the trustees will often delegate monitoring ESG integration and asset stewardship to its fiduciary manager.

### Our managers' voting activity

Good asset stewardship means being aware and active on voting issues, corporate actions and other responsibilities tied to owning a company's stock. We believe that good stewardship is in the members' best interests to promote best practice and encourage investee companies to access opportunities, manage risk appropriately, and protect shareholders' interests. Understanding and monitoring the stewardship that investment managers practice in relation to the Plan's investments is an important factor in deciding whether a manager remains the right choice for the Plan.

Voting rights are attached to listed equity shares, including equities held in multi-asset funds. We expect the Plan's equity-owning investment managers to responsibly exercise their voting rights.

# Why is voting important?

Voting is an essential tool for listed equity investors to communicate their views to a company and input into key business decisions. Resolutions proposed by shareholders increasingly relate to social and environmental issues.

Source: UN PRI

#### Voting statistics

The table below shows the voting statistics for each of the Plan's material funds with voting rights for the year to 31 March 2025.

Funds	Number of resolutions eligible to vote on	% of resolutions voted	% of votes against management	% of votes abstained from
L&G - Multi-Factor Equity Fund (Hedged)	11,446	99.8%	20.8%	0.4%
UBS Global Asset Management ("UBS") - Global Emerging Markets Equity Climate Transition Fund	7,747	85.0%	6.6%	4.3%
UBS - Global Equity Climate Transition Fund	12,234	93.0%	8.1%	0.1%

Source: Investment Managers. Please note that the 'abstain' votes noted above are a specific category of vote that has been cast, and are distinct from a non-vote.

#### Use of proxy voting advisers

Many investment managers use proxy voting advisers to help them fulfil their stewardship duties. Proxy voting advisers provide recommendations to institutional investors on how to vote at shareholder meetings on issues such as climate change, executive pay and board composition. They can also provide voting execution, research, record keeping and other services.

Responsible investors will dedicate time and resources towards making their own informed decisions, rather than solely relying on their adviser's recommendations.

The table below describes how the Plan's managers use proxy voting advisers.

# Why use a proxy voting adviser?

Outsourcing voting activities to proxy advisers enables managers that invest in thousands of companies to participate in many more votes than they would without their support.

Managers	Description of use of proxy voting adviser (in the managers' own words)
L&G	L&G's Investment Stewardship team uses Institutional Shareholder Services' (ISS's) 'ProxyExchange' electronic voting platform to electronically vote clients' shares. All voting decisions are made by L&G and we do not outsource any part of the strategic decisions. To ensure our proxy provider votes in accordance with our position on ESG, we have put in place a custom voting policy with specific voting instructions.
UBS	UBS AM retains the services of ISS for the physical exercise of voting rights and for supporting voting research. UBS retains full discretion when determining how to vote at shareholder meetings.

Source: Investment Managers

## Significant voting examples

To illustrate the voting activity being carried out on our behalf, we asked the Plan's investment managers to provide a selection of what they consider to be the most significant votes in relation to the Plan's funds. A sample of these significant votes can be found in the appendix.

## Our managers' engagement activity

Engagement is when an investor communicates with current (or potential) investee companies (or issuers) to improve their ESG practices, sustainability outcomes or public disclosure. Good engagement identifies relevant ESG issues, sets objectives, tracks results, maps escalation strategies and incorporates findings into investment decision-making.

The table below shows some of the engagement activity carried out by the Plan's material managers. The managers have provided information for the most recent calendar year available. Some of the information provided is at a firm-level i.e. is not necessarily specific to the funds invested in by the Plan.

Funds	Number of eng	agements	Thomas amount on at a ferral level
	Fund level	Firm level	Themes engaged on at a fund level
Aberdeen – Climate Transition Bond Fund	104	1,868	Environment - Climate; Other Environment Related Social - Human Rights & Stakeholders; Labour Management Governance - Corporate Governance; Corporate Behaviour
L&G - Diversified Credit Fund	326	4,399	Environment - Climate Change; Antimicrobial Resistance; Natural Resource Use/Impact Social - Human and Labour Rights; Human Capital Management; Inequality Governance – Remuneration; Board Effectiveness – Diversity; Board Effectiveness – Independence/Oversight Strategy, Financial & Reporting – Strategy/Purpose; Financial Performance; Reporting
Aegon Asset Management ("Aegon") - European ABS Fund	115	422	Environment - Climate Change Social - Human and Labour Rights; Public Health Governance - Financial and Reporting - Reporting (e.g. audit, accounting, sustainability reporting) Other - General Disclosure
M&G - Sustainable Total Return Credit Investment Fund	12	406	Environment - Net Zero/Decarbonisation; Climate Action 100+ Engagements; Climate Change; Nature & Biodiversity Social - Diversity & Inclusion
Ardea - Global Alpha UCITS Fund	40	40	Environment - Climate Change Other - Market Development of Green Government Bonds
Arrowstreet - ESG Global Equity Long/Short Fund*	Not provided	159	Environment - Water Quality; Water Security Social - Human and Labour Rights; Community Relations Governance - Business Ethics; Accounting and Taxation
Caius Capital - International Fund	>30	>30	Governance - Board Effectiveness - Other; Leadership - Chair/CEO Strategy, Financial & Reporting - Strategy/Purpose; Financial Performance
Man Group - Alternative Risk Premia Fund*	Not provided	66	Environment - Climate Change; Natural Resource Use/Impact Social - Human and Labour Rights; Human Capital Management Governance - Remuneration
Marshall Wace - Market Neutral ESG Tops Fund*	Not provided	Not provided	Environment - Climate Change; Natural Resource Use/Impact
L&G - Multi-Factor Equity Fund (Hedged)	682	4,399	Environment - Climate Change; Natural Resource Use/Impact; Pollution, Waste

		Social - Human and Labour Rights; Human Capital
		Management; Inequality
		Governance - Remuneration; Board Effectiveness -
		Diversity; Board Effectiveness –
		Independence/Oversight
		Strategy, Financial & Reporting – Strategy/Purpose;
		Financial Performance; Risk Management
38		Environment - Climate Change; Natural Resource
		Use/Impact
	405	Social - Human and Labour Rights
	425	Governance - Remuneration; Board Effectiveness -
		Other
		Strategy, Financial and Reporting - Capital Allocation
174		Environment - Climate Change; Natural Resource
		Use/Impact
	405	Social - Human and Labour Rights
	425	Governance - Remuneration; Board Effectiveness -
		Other; Leadership - Chair/CEO
		Strategy, Financial & Reporting - Capital Allocation

Source: Investment Managers. \* Arrowstreet, Man Group and Marshall Wace did not provide fund level themes; themes provided are at a firm-level.

#### **Data limitations**

At the time of writing, the following managers did not provide all the information we requested:

- At the time of writing, L&G provided total number of engagements specifically to the total number of interactions L&G held with individual companies as opposed to the number of engagements on specific engagement themes. Each interaction may cover multiple themes.
- Marshall Wace, Arrowstreet and Man Group did not provide all of the engagement information requested. This is because the assets managed by these managers are held tactically over a short period of time and/or indirectly through derivative exposures, meaning that engagement is less applicable to these assets given the long-term nature of engagements.
  - Marshall Wace provided limited engagement information but did provide detailed illustrative examples of its engagement activity at a firm level and stated that the manager undertakes engagement initiatives at the firm rather than strategy level.
  - Arrowstreet and Man Group provided detailed engagement information at a firm level only.

This report does not include commentary on certain asset classes such as liability driven investments, gilts or cash because of the limited materiality of stewardship to these asset classes. Further, this report does not include the additional voluntary contributions ("AVCs") due to the relatively small proportion of the Plan's assets that are held as AVCs.

Approved by the Trustee of the Brambles United Kingdom Pension Plan on 16 October 2025.

## Appendix – Significant Voting Examples

In the table below are some significant vote examples provided by the Plan's managers. We consider a significant vote to be one which the manager considers significant. Managers use a wide variety of criteria to determine what they consider a significant vote, some of which are outlined in the examples below:

L&G - Multi-Factor Equity Fund	Company name	Wells Fargo & Company	
(Hedged)	Date of vote	30 April 2024	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Approximate size of	00 / Ipiii 202 i	
	fund's/mandate's holding as at		
	the date of the vote (as % of	0.5	
	portfolio)		
	posteriory	Resolution 7: Commission Third Party	
		Assessment on Company's Commitment to	
	Summary of the resolution	Freedom of Association and Collective	
		Bargaining Rights	
	How you voted?	Votes supporting resolution	
		L&G publicly communicates its vote	
	Whore you yeted against	instructions on its website with the rationale for	
	Where you voted against management, did you	all votes against management. It is our policy	
	communicate your intent to the	not to engage with our investee companies in	
	company ahead of the vote?	the three weeks prior to an AGM as our	
	company anoda of the vote.	engagement is not limited to shareholder	
		meeting topics.	
		Shareholder Resolution - Labour rights: A vote	
	Rationale for the voting	in favour is applied as L&G supports proposals	
	decision	that are set to improve human rights standards	
		and employee policies because we consider	
	Outcome of the vote	this issue to be a material risk to companies.  Fail	
	Implications of the outcome eg		
	were there any lessons learned	L&G will continue to engage with our investee	
	and what likely future steps will	companies, publicly advocate our position on	
	you take in response to the	this issue and monitor company and market-	
	outcome?	level progress.	
	On which criteria have you	High Profile meeting: This shareholder	
	assessed this vote to be most	resolution is considered significant due to the	
	significant?	relatively high level of support received.	
UBS - Global Emerging Markets	Company name	Zai Lab Limited	
<b>Equity Climate Transition Fund</b>	Date of vote	18 June 2024	
	Approximate size of		
	fund's/mandate's holding as at	Not provided	
	the date of the vote (as % of		
	portfolio)	Ali Na Brita	
	Summary of the resolution	Advisory Vote to Ratify Named Executive Officers' Compensation	
	How you voted?	Votes against resolution	
	Where you voted against	votes against resolution	
	management, did you		
	communicate your intent to the	No	
	company ahead of the vote?		
	• •	Executive pay is not aligned with performance.	
	Rationale for the voting	Majority of awards vest without reference to	
	decision	performance conditions. Lack of a clawback	
		provision.	
	Outcome of the vote	Pass	
	Implications of the outcome eg		
	were there any lessons learned	Given strong shareholder opposition, we shall monitor further developments.	
	and what likely future steps will		
	you take in response to the	·	
	outcome?		

	On which criteria have you assessed this vote to be most significant?	Over 32% of shareholders voted against the resolution.
UBS - Global Equity Climate	Company name	Bank of America Corporation
Transition Fund	Date of vote	24 April 2024
	Approximate size of fund's/mandate's holding as at the date of the vote (as % of portfolio)	Not provided
	Summary of the resolution	Report on Clean Energy Supply Financing Ratio
	How you voted?	Votes supporting resolution
	Where you voted against management, did you communicate your intent to the company ahead of the vote?	No
	Rationale for the voting decision	We will support proposals that seek to promote greater disclosure and transparency in corporate environmental policies as long as: a) the issues are not already effectively dealt with through legislation or regulation; b) the company has not already responded in a sufficient manner; and c) the proposal is not unduly burdensome or overly prescriptive.
	Outcome of the vote	Fail
	Implications of the outcome eg were there any lessons learned and what likely future steps will you take in response to the outcome?	Given strong shareholder support, we shall monitor further developments.
	On which criteria have you assessed this vote to be most significant?	Aggregate percentage of votes in support of resolution exceeded 25% of votes cast.

Source: Investment Managers